Decatur Weekly Republican.

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The Weekly Republican.

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ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES F. HUGHES, of Mattoon, as a candidate for circuit judge, subject to the decision of the Republican convention.

LOCAL NEWS.

COUNTRY butter is scarce.

A MAN at Danville this week paid his taxes all in coppers, there being 642 pieces, weighing 6 pounds.

MRS K. EINSTEIN will close out her Germantown Yarns and Zephyrs at first cost. feb17-d&wtf

LAST year Charley Radbourne, pitcher for the Providence Nine, received $5,000 for his work.

THE United Brethren people are having a successful revival at Cerro Gordo. Rev Chew and others are the workers.

WEDNESDAY, the 25th, is the date set for Hanley's comedy company in "Our Strategist," instead of Tuesday, the 24th.

CIRCUIT judges receive a salary of $3,500 a year, and their term of office is for six years The election will take place next June.

THE sports at Springfield are taking active steps toward organizing a professional base ball club. *Now* is the time for Decatur to get in her work and join the circuit.

The Methodist revival will close on Sunday night with public service Possibly Bishop Merrill will be present.

ARE we to have a county fair? Usually the officers and directors of the county board meet in the winter months and decide this matter.

JUDGE WILKIN will hold the March term of the Champaign circuit court while Judge Smith is down in Edgar county making friends among the people

A BOILER burst Monday at the Capital City coal shaft at Springfield killed Ald. William Daughton and destroyed $5,000 worth of property.

TOM KEENE, the great tragedian, is booked to appear here in April. He will probably give us "Macbeth." His "Richard III" cannot be equaled.

WE have received the first number of the *Illinois Railroader*, edited by J. I Chilson. It was issued on the 14th, and will appear twice a month. It is devoted exclusively to railway matters and appears to have been carefully edited.

JUDGE SMITH will arrive in Decatur on Friday and reconvene the circuit court to close up unfinished business of the December term. He will simply enter a few orders in cases not previously disposed of.

THE frame of the Anthony & Kuhn store house has been erected near John Archer's place on East Cerro Gordo street It is designed to have the building ready for the use of Agent Webber in the spring.

ORGANIC weakness or loss of power in either sex, however induced, speedily and permanently cured. Enclose three letter stamps for book of particulars. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

OPERATIONS at the Decatur Furniture factory will be resumed next Monday with the usual force of men. The stock is low, and in anticipation of liberal orders the coming season, a new supply will be put together as quickly as possible.

THE people are becoming quite chatty about the approaching city election. There seems to be an abundance of what is considered good timber for the various officers, but the question is, Will the favorites be "bored" with the responsibility and vexation of city official life?

SUNDAY two brothers named Rajohn set fire to Obermiller's store, near Lincoln, and destroyed property valued at $5,000, on which there was $1800 insurance. The brothers had been ejected from the store and in a spirit of revenge they set the building on fire. They are in jail charged with arson.

ON Saturday evening Winnie Gastman met with a painful accident. In attempting to empty a clothes boiler about half full of hot water into the bath tub, it slipped and the water was thrown over his legs and feet. The right foot is badly blistered and he will be confined to his room for a week or ten days.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. Martin Fitzgerald, who died in the 69th year of her age, at the family residence in the fifth ward, took place on Sunday afternoon. Bad as was the day a large number of friends attended the services. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

"TWENTY years ago to-day," remarks James Blain, a Decatur veteran, "Gen. John A. Logan entered the city of Columbia, South Carolina, with the 15th Army Corps, and took possession of the town" Mr. Blain remembers the day well, for he was among the soldiers who marched into the town.

Declared Constitutional.

At the last session of the legislature a law was passed providing for the forming of drainage districts and the appointment of drainage commissioners for the purpose of draining low lands, sloughs, ponds, etc, the cost of which was to be assessed against the lands benefitted in proportion to the benefits thus afforded. A few farmers who were assessed for benefits objected to the improvements, and fought the law upon the ground that it was unconstitutional, and carried the case to the supreme court. That tribunal has just decided that the drainage law is constitutional, and therefore parties assessed for benefits derived from drainage must pay their assessments, which stand against the lands.

A Sudden Death.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the home of his son, A. D. Catlin, three miles east of Decatur, Joseph Catlin died suddenly, while seated in a chair. The deceased was the father of Mrs. Jonathan Hall, of this city, and was in the 94th year of his age. He was a pensioner of the war of 1812. Sunday just before the dinner hour he called his son to him and told him he was going to die soon, and gave directions about his funeral and burial. Then he ate dinner and died a short time afterward in his chair near the fire.

From Monday's Daily.

Death of Morris Kean.

Morris Kean, a well known Irishman who lived in Decatur many years ago died last week at Racine, Wisconsin. It will be remembered that the deceased resided at the end of south Webster st. and for many years his home was a place of refreshment and rest for weary farmers and travelers. It is expected that the body will arrive here to-day from Racine in charge of the daughter of the deceased. It will be interred in the Catholic cemetery.

A Damaging Runaway.

From Tuesday's Daily.

John Carder, a farmer residing northwest of the city attended the funeral of Miss Handsbrough yesterday afternoon While his team attached to a heavy country sled was standing in front of the dwelling at the corner of Jackson and east Prairie streets, two ladies in passing by flirting their shawls frightened the horses, and they broke from their hitching post and ran off. By colliding with Keester's feed yard fence they fell down and broke part of the tongue. Regaining their feet they dashed along to Franklin, south to east Main, then north on Water. In front of Buebsamen's grocery the sled smashed a sleigh, and going down Prairie street past the postoffice the outfit damaged Jack Renshaw's cutter in front of Norman's, by breaking the running gear in several places. At Main street the team went north and on the way collided with one of Priest's street cars that was headed for the square. The driver of the car turned his horse to one side, when the horses and sled came against the end with a loud crash denting the iron front and frightening the yelling driver out of a month's growth. The team managed to get past the car and then went on their way unmolested. They turned west on North street, and were finally halted some blocks beyond near a barn. The sled was wrecked, but neither of the horses was seriously hurt.

DURING the past year up to February 1st the Decatur Coal Company has sold to Decatur and outside parties a total of 96,000 tons of coal, which makes a splendid showing for our home mine. The company now has more orders than it can fill, because of the difficulty of procuring cars from the railroads. They sent out eight cars yesterday and satisfied a few of their customers in neighboring towns. Their home trade is booming, and wagons are kept going constantly to fill orders.

Sold Out.

Yesterday Mr. J. W. Baker disposed of his stock of boots and shoes at 158 North Merchant street, to Barber & Baker, and is now out of business. He will probably travel for a wholesale firm early in the spring. Barber & Baker will continue the store at 158 Merchant street until the stock is sold out.

Right You Are!

Revival meetings in Decatur have caused 180 sinners to see the error of their ways. This is better than getting the state fair.—*Peoria Transcript.*

How are the Peoria sinners getting along?

THE Haverley comedy company, which made such a big hit here last season in "Our Strategists," will appear at the Opera House next Tuesday evening, the 24th. The prices will be 25, 35 and 50 cents.

A LEADING Central Illinois sportsman says that the severity of the storms and the extreme cold weather of the present winter has exterminated the most delicious of game birds, the quail. Every day one or more covies of them are found huddled together, starved and frozen Until now these birds have been more numerous about here than any other small game.

H. GRAZ and J. Philars hand turned shoes at Busher's Feb17-d&wtf

COUNTING THE BALLOTS.

The Coroner Contest to be Settled Without Further Delay.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The contested election case of Jesse E. Bendure vs. Peter Perl, the alleged coroner elect, was called up for final disposition to-day in the county court by Judge Greer. The order was that the ballots cast for coroner at the election of Nov. 4th be brought in by Clerk Hardy and counted in open court, and this order was obeyed. Perl (Democrat) claims to have been elected by a majority of 124. Bendure, (Rep.,) in his bill alleges that he would have a majority over Perl of 144 votes if no mistakes in the count of Nov. 4 had been made Both contestants with their counsel are in court—the Mills Bros. representing Mr. Bendure and Nelson & Harnsbarger and I A. Buckingham Mr. Perl. There are also present many spectators.

Judge Greer appointed two experts, Henry McClellan and Isaac W. Ehrman, to count the ballots in open court, and the ballots are now being recounted upon a long table, the packages containing the same being handed out as wanted by Clerk Hardy, who has retained possession of all the ballots cast in the county since election day.

Much time was taken up this forenoon by the defendant's counsel in offering objections, all referring to the proper means of identifying the returns from various districts. The recount is now in progress and may be finished this evening, provided the lawyers do not lock horns in a dizzy argument on points of law.

A considerable number of pasters will no doubt be discovered, but what figure these will cut in the recount will be a matter for discussion. If they are thrown out important changes will result. If it is discovered that Mr. Bendure received a majority over Perl then Bendure will be given a certificate of his election and Perl will be ousted.

PERL ELECTED.

The recount was completed at 5:30 o'clock, making a gain of 10 for Perl, placing his majority at 134, instead of 124 Only 34 Perl pasters were found, not enough to change the result, and Bendure dismissed the bill. Perl is coroner for four years.

Jackson, the Tough.

William Riley Jackson, the young man in the Bloomington jail, charged with the murder of Richard Parr, at Danvers, last week, is a tough well known to the Decatur police. His father and brothers formerly lived near Decatur, and spent most of their time huckstering, trading horses and living a roving life. In August, 1883, young Jackson got on a spree in this city with a gullible youth named Dorsey Hall, a stranger in the town, who had a watch and some money to buy the liquid which makes men drunk. Hall and Jackson had a high old time, and finally the latter, who kept reasonably sober, induced the former to go with him to the hillside below the wooden tray factory. There they quarreled and came to blows, Jackson with a revolver beating Hall over the head and lacerating his face frightfully. Hall, with his clothing saturated with his lifeblood, managed to come up town and tell his sensational story of attempted robbery and murder on the part of Jackson Officer Hartley hurried to the scene of the fight and captured Jackson, putting him in jail. Hall went to the hospital and remained there several weeks, then he disappeared. Jackson was indicted for robbery and assault to do bodily injury. In January of last year, because of the continued absence of Hall, the robbery charge was nolled, and Jackson got a sentence of sixty days in the county jail on pleading guilty to assault. After serving out his sentence he disappeared and was not heard of afterward until the tragedy near Bloomington was committed. The killing grew out of jealousy, and the woman in the case is Lou Austin, who has since gone west. Jackson traveled from Memphis, Tenn., to Bloomington with the avowed intention of killing Parr.

THE latest Casabianca jingle is—

The girl stood on the roller-skates,
But then she could not go;
She was afraid to tempt the fates,
Because she wobbled so.
She called aloud, "Hay? Chawley, say!
Do come; help me alone!"
But Chawley went the other way,
Because his legs went wrong;
There came a crash—a thunder sound;
The girl, O, where was she?
Ask of the giddy youth around,
Who viewed her hosiery.

TIME IS MONEY.

The harrowing pains of Rheumatism, the spending of money, sometimes even to the last dollar, for useless medicines are bad enough, dear knows. But many cases are aggravated, if not made desperate, by the fact that the sufferer is mind-sick over loss of time, which he cannot afford. Just here the merits of ATHLOPHOROS are most forcibly proved. It operates directly and speedily, and saves time and money which would otherwise be wasted in vain experiments with worthless medicines.

Cold! I should say so. Went home, lit a candle, jumped into bed, tried to blow out the candle, couldn't do it, blaze froze, had to break it off.

—When a barber gets rich he rises in the world by shear force of character.

The Fair—A Good Suggestion.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—I'm glad the State Fair Association has shown its hand, and believe their decision in reference to locating the state fair at Chicago will yet redound to our good, as it throws us back on our own resources, which all are fully satisfied are sufficient to create and support a fair that will be an honor and profit to Decatur. How? First of all, let the gentlemen who have been trying for these many years step down and out. I am not acquainted with them cannot mention two who are or have been directors of the old fair association, so it is no personal prejudice that permits me to say what is an established fact. Gentlemen, whatever may be your success in any, and ever other direction, we cannot hope for a successful management of our fair from you, will you step down and out, and let some other management run it to success that is possible. Let us have no hard feelings over it. The new management would want your good will and patronage, for it must be managed to get and hold the good will and patronage of the whole community, and they could not afford your disapproval or opposition.

Now Mr. Editor, permit me to suggest (just for a starter you know,) let us take the list of subscribers to the fund for the state fair, what motive induced them to pledge their several subscriptions? The expected full returns and large premium on the investment, from the money spent here by the crowd that the state fair would bring

Now we can have a fair, while it may not for several years draw as large a crowd as the state fair, it would reach up in that direction and further be one of the grandest schemes to advertise Decatur and Decatur business.

Gentlemen subscribers, let each and every one contribute the same amounts to our county fair, not to give it away to one man or set of men, but that each and every one of you be stockholders to the extent of your subscriptions. You are the men who are to be directly benefitted by a successful fair, and should have a voice in the management. Let it be a Decatur fair competition open to the world, and *insure the premiums* to be *paid in full.* Manage it fairly, honestly and impartially, and I tell you it cannot help but succeed. Those who would be directly benefitted by a successful fair, could well afford, if it be necessary, to contribute the full amount of all premiums.

The oppurtunity presents itself; we have the grounds, the cheap fares to and from the ground, the railroad facilities, and the good will and patronage of the people can be secured by proper treatment always. Take hold with a spirit deserving of the enterprise, keep the management within yourselves as contributors to the fund which creates, and don't give it away to a state fair nor any other ring to use for their own benefit, for they are likely to blindly destroy what should be beneficial to them and to the whole community. You of the old school and of the new are you ready for the question?

If so, Mr. Editor, issue the call and organize. Let us have a fair, a successful fair, such a fair as Decatur can have if managed properly. Resp,

OLD MAN ARCHER.

Frozen Flowers.

Two large boxes from Chicago filled with a score of beautiful floral tributes for the Samuel Powers funeral have arrived in a badly frozen condition. They were ordered on Saturday, the 7th, and were to have arrived on the 9th, but they were delayed in the snow blockade on the Wabash and came here badly frozen and too late for use five days after the obsequies. The flowers were placed in charge of Mr. Bendure, sexton of Greenwood cemetery.

The Oliver-Pintard Marriage.

We have received a copy of the Natchez Miss., *Democrat* of Feb. 11th, containing the following society item of special interest to the many Decatur friends of the happy groom:

OLIVER—PINTARD.

Trinity church yesterday was the scene of the consummation of the plighted love of those two most estimable young people, Mr. Mark J. Oliver, of Dakota Territory, and Miss Estelle Pintard, of Natchez. Quite a number of friends of the contracting parties, including some from the far-away home of the groom, assembled at the church to witness the ceremony which was performed by Rev. Alex. Marks, the rector, and they afterwards repaired to the residence of the bride's father, where Mr. and Mrs. Oliver gave a reception. The bride is the handsome, elegant and accomplished daughter of our worthy fellow-citizen, Hon. Claude Pintard, and the groom is a well-known gentleman of high standing in Dakota Territory. We tender the happy couple our sincerest congratulations and wish for them a long and blissful wedded life.

Complimentary.

The issue of the Racine, Wis., *Advocate* of the 12th inst. contains a very complimentary mention of Decatur from the pen of Wm. Bloomfield, who was here recently on a visit. After mentioning the size of Decatur, its manufacturing interests in a general way, the fire department, library, churches, etc., the writer devotes much space to special reference to the Misses Annie and Mollie Laux and their artistic work in embroidery and with brush. Their two famous pictures, The Highland Market scene and the landscape painting are minutely described.

AN elegant souvenir given to each lady buying a pair of shoes at Busher's. Feb17-d&wtf

MAN ABOUT TOWN.

Lotta told a Decatur lady Saturday afternoon that she is now 38 years old, She looks it.

A leading citizen remarked yesterday that he didn't believe the county fair would pay half the premiums that might be offered this year; he thought the days of county fairs were playing out anyhow, and he made the suggestion that a jockey and racing club be formed by responsible Decatur men, and then arrange for running and trotting meetings at the fair grounds if the grounds can be leased, then keep up these meetings with novel amusements every summer season. These events, he claimed, would draw more money to Decatur than a tame county fair of four day's duration and would afford a pleasing recreation for our home people and all visitors. The idea is worthy of consideration. It has been talked of for several years.

Bro. McLean, of Chicago, who is engaged in the revival work, has told the Decatur people that he was converted in Chicago in a flash and he was so happy that he got up and ran home as fast as he could, a distance of four blocks, to tell his wife the great joy that filled his heart. McLean weighs nearly 300 pounds. He is now a Y. M. C. A. worker.

I am told that possibly the brick paving on the old square will be taken up, and the old barnyard filled up with dirt again, if the property owners continue to resist the payment of their assessments The present council will have little time to do such a thing as that, but there is no telling what will happen The improvement cost the city $2500, the property owners about $3500, and the Citizens' Street Car Company about $800. The property owners insist that they were taxed too much, and while they say they are in favor of the improvement, they claim that the assessment was too steep for them.

Speaking of the old square reminds me of what a party told me ought to be done with the unfinished circle with the electric light pole in the centre of it. He suggested that the circle, which is 120 feet in diameter be utilized as a roller skating rink, the dimes to go into the city treasury to pay the police and keep up the depleted funds. But then, where is the city to get the cash to put a decent floor on the circle and build the sides and roof, with a gallery for the spectators? The matter is referred to Ald. Gogerty. Perhaps he can suggest a plan to put the city rink in operation.

They have a new name for the roller rink. It is "Niagara." Everybody goes to the rink to see the falls.

A Bit of History.

"Uncle Johnny Hanks, who split rails with Lincoln, was in the city to day. He navigates with the aid of two stout canes, one in each hand."—DECATUR REPUBLICAN.

That's a cousin of our grand-father, Dennis F. Hanks, living with his daughter, Mrs. James Sheaff, at Paris. He is 86 years old, older than Uncle John, and who does not have to walk with a cane. These two, and John Hall, living in Coles county, are the only living members of the Lincoln family, of the old stock, It was Uncle John who made the rounds with Mr. Lincoln in 1860 as a verifiable assistant rail-splitter. A picture taken of both the venerable Hanks and the log cabin, the home of Lincoln, as it appeared on the Sangamon river bottom, may be seen at the Danville public library, presented by some citizen of this city, and is of much interest to all who venerate the memory of the martyr president. The original cabin was afterwards exhibited on the Boston Common by our father and the Messrs. Hanks, soon after the assassination, and was the only exhibition ever permitted on the Common The rails were worked up into canes and relics, and are now treasured in a thousand homes. Both the Hanks are red hot Democrats, although they voted for Lincoln. They all moved at the same time from Hardin county, Kentucky, to Spencer county, Indiana, where Lincoln's mother died. Thence the families moved to Macon county, Illinois. Thence Thomas Lincoln, the father, moved to Coles county, where he died and was buried.—*Danville Leader, Feb. 18th. Thomas B. Shoaff, Editor.*

Married in Kansas.

Supervisor Garver, of Whitmore township, is in receipt of a letter from his old friend, J. M. Wallace, formerly of this county, in which is given an account of the marriage of Mr. Wallace's daughter. The wedding occurred on January 14th at Humboldt, Kansas. The contracting parties were Miss Donna Wallace and Albert Keeper, and the ceremony was witnessed by 40 guests. The bride was attired in a beautiful white cashmere, trimmed with cream-colored satin, lace and ribbons. The groom wore the conventional black. The gifts were: Toilet set and glass tea plates, Miss Mollie Wallace; fruit dish, books, egg beater, Reuben Rogers; fruit dish, Mr and Mrs. Geo. Cook; lamp, D. C. Wallace; fruit dish, Mrs. Brett; silver caster, Mr. Brett; tablecloth and napkins, Mr. and Mrs. Phillips; brackets, Miss Lida Choquil; large basket, Grant Brett and William Hays; match safe, Otto Brett; set of silver teaspoons and napkins, Mr. and Mrs. Ross; teapot, O. C. Brett; set silver table spoons, William Keeper; set silver teaspoons, Frank Keeper; glass pitcher, Mr and Mrs. Rogers; pair of vases, Mr. and Mrs Olick; fine cup and saucer and pair of vases, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hays.

A Puff for Decatur.

In the Chicago *Horseman* of Feb. 14, one of the best turf papers published, appeared the following complimentary mention of a Decatur citizen's fine horses:

THE catalogue of R. R. Montgomery, of Decatur, Ill, is not very large, but his stock posesses merit. At the head of his stand Durango King (2007), by Durango (115), dam Gulnare, record 2:32½, by the Duffy horse. This horse by inheritance should make a trotter, as well as producer of trotters. Decatur Chief (2574), by Durango, dam Lady Lightland, by Ashland (47), 2nd dam Maria Ward, by Rysdyke's Hambeltonian (10,) 3d dam by Abdallah (1). This fellow has the very best breeding and combines the blood of the most fashionable families. The third stallion is S. Montgomery, a four-year old Chestnut, sired by Mammont, son of Almont, dam Lady Montgomery, by Flint Morgan. This horse is compactly built with good bone, and has a great deal of speed. Mr. Montgomery starts out with the declaration that "honesty and uprightness" is his motto in dealing. On this ground he is certain to make a success of his venture.

—The potato, introduced into England in 1600, was first eaten as a sweetmeat, stewed in sackwine and sugar.

From Wednesday's Daily.

18 Seekers—10 Converts.

At the Methodist revival last night Evangelist Potter addressed himself to the supposed doubting Thomases in the large congregation, and he urged upon them the importance of getting on the Lord's side without delay. The service was one of deep interest, and the singing was unusually good. At the afternoon meeting there were seven seekers and two conversions. Last night there were 18 penitents at the altar, and 10 of that number left the rail assured that their sins had been washed away. During the evening nine of the converts united with the church on probation. Rev. McLean was not present. He is now at Warrensburg for a week conducting the revival at that place. Services again this afternoon and evening.

Coal Famine.

Some of the smaller towns about Decatur and in adjoining counties are running out of coal and other fuel, and unless the freight trains on the various roads are put in motion there will she uffering for a coal supply. The Decatur Coal Company, as stated yesterday, has been unable to supply the pressing demand for coal from dealers in the smaller towns, because of lack of shipping facilities. The snow blockade on the railroads caused most of the freight trains to be abandoned and there has been a scarcity of cars. The coal company is in receipt of begging letters and telegrams for coal, but they cannot fill the orders for reasons above stated. To-day all of the roads out of Decatur, including the Chicago division of the Wabash, were opened for the movement of trains, and no doubt the threatened coal famine will be averted within a day or two, provided cars can be obtained.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Charley Laux is at New Orleans eating green corn.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Nichols, on Feb. 16, a daughter.

E. J. Harpstrite, of Hannibal, Mo., arrived in the city last night on a visit to his parents.

Christian Gul is in Florida. All quiet about Oakley.

Editor Sam Ritchie, of the Warrensburg *Times*, visited the city to-day and didn't get lost.

L. B. C Leffingwell and family will return from Florida in the spring. Sanford got home last Saturday.

M. L. Parker is in Chicago. He resigned his place as cutter at Race & Co.'s some days ago.

Sam Martin, the baker at John Lytle & Co.'s, got his valentine a little late Saturday, but it was the genuine article and no sham—a boy; weight, 10 pounds.

I. E. Brown, state secretary, is at Centralia, conducting a district convention of the Y. M. C. A. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are the proud parents of a boy baby, born unto them about a month ago.

Mrs. Mary Flinn, a widow with a large family living a few miles from Jacksonville, has just received word that a brother who recently died in California left her the sum of $7,000.

Wm. J. Quinlan, who has been indisposed for some days, will depart for New Orleans as soon as he strikes a train with a sleeper. He will probably be absent until spring.

Mr. P. H. Shaffer, formerly of this county, but now of Kansas, has been in the city for a couple of weeks past, under treatment by Dr. Walston for hernia. The operation was successfully performed, and Mr. S. will leave to-day for his home.

Hiram Morse, son of L. R. Morse, of Illini township, has received official notice of his appointment to a clerkship in the war department at Washington at a salary of $1,000 a year.

A note has been received from Mr. and Mrs. W. F Bushar, who left for New Orleans on Wednesday last. They arrived at their destination on the following Friday, and are now taking in the sights at the exposition.

Charlotte W. Dimick, wife of J. E. Dimick, station agent of the Concord railroad at Portsmouth, N. H, died in that city last Wednesday, aged 46 years. Mr. Dimick was formerly a passenger conductor on the P., D. & E between Peoria and Evansville.—*Peoria Transcript.*

Harry J. Caldwell, Governor Oglesby's private secretary, arrived in the city Saturday evening and attended the Lotta entertainment. Mr. Caldwell, who has every necessary qualification for the place, will make an excellent secretary, and do credit to his chief and to himself.

Wm. Rouse, jr, stage manager of the "Lights o' London" company, who played here last Thursday night, died at Rockford, Ill., suddenly, on Wednesday night, of heart disease. He was a son of Fannie Denham-Rouse, the Mrs. Jarvis of the company. The remains were sent to New York city, his home.

E. A. Gastman returned on Saturday evening from Nokomis. He reports a very enthusiastic meeting of the Montgomery county teachers' institute on Friday evening and Saturday. Over 100 teachers were in attendance. The papers and discussions were of an unusually high character.

Will Ewald and Billy Swartz, of the Western Union Telegraph office, squandered some of their wealth Sunday by hiring a dashing cutter. They headed for Bearsdale to pay their respects to a fair divinity who dwells in that isolated village, but within one mile of the place the young men got stranded in a snow drift and were compelled to return to the city or travel five miles to get around the snowy obstruction. They came back home.

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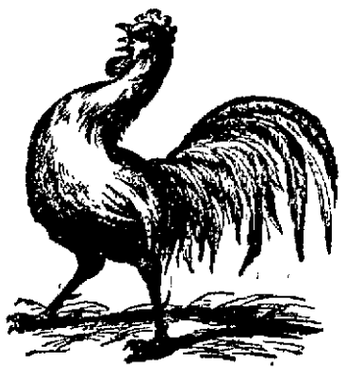
GREAT BANKRUPT



Clothing Sale

—OF—

J. R. RACE & CO.

$5 Men's Overcoats reduced to $2.50.
$7 " " " $4.00.
$8 " " " $5.00.
$12 " " " $8.00.

$8 Men's Suits Reduced to $5 00.
$10 " " " $7.00.
$14 " " " $10.00.

ON MARCH 7TH

WE HAVE OUR

ANNUAL DRAWING.

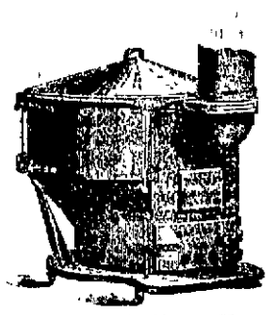
This year it is LARGER than ever before—divided into FIFTY-SEVEN PRIZES. Come in and buy Five Dollars' worth of Merchandise from us and we will present you with a ticket

Call and see us and you will be convinced that we are the LEADING CLOTHIERS, HATTERS and GENTS' FURNISHERS in Central Illinois.

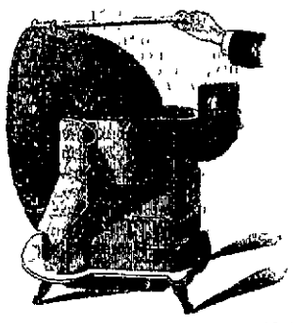
J. R. RACE & CO.,

129--135 N. Water St., DECATUR, ILL.

The "Profit" Farm Boiler.



Position in Ordinary Use.



Position when Dumping the Kettle.

The leading feature of the Boiler, apart from its thorough construction from the best cast iron, is the dumping arrangement, which does away with all the heavy, hot work of emptying the kettle by hand, and permits its continuous use, as the doors can be opened and the kettle dumped in one minute without letting the fire go down. Dumping the kettle exposes the flues so that they can always be kept free from soot.

They may be used for any purpose that caldrons set in brick can, with the advantage of being portable and much more economical of fuel, as in this Boiler the flues carry the heat around the entire surface of the kettle. You can set them in any place where an ordinary cooking stove will work; or by putting on two or three lengths of pipe, they can be used out of doors.

We carry in stock:

No. 1. 25 Gallons, for wood.
No. 1. 25 " for coal.
No. 2. 50 Gallons, for wood.
No. 2. 50 " for coal.
No. 2½. 75 Gallons, for wood.
No. 2½. 75 " for coal.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & CO.

Why Can Not They See It?

Chicago Journal.

The Democrats can not commit grand larceny on the Illinois United States Senatorship. They are attempting every trick and device of fraud to accomplish it, but it is a simple impossibility. The sooner they find it out and arrive at a practical knowedge of the fact, the better it will be for all concerned.

Such tomfoolery as that in which the Democratic members of the legislature engaged yesterday, and which they are liable to repeat from time to time, will not help them forward in their larcenous designs by a single step. It only tends to confirm suspicion, and to harden the public resentment against them, which has been excited by their lawless and desperate courses since they first met in Springfield. They cannot elect a United States Senator by such methods. No person claiming to have been elected by any means except by a majority of all the votes cast in a general assembly, constituted of an acting quorum of both houses of the Legislature, will receive a commission as Senator from the hands of Governor Oglesby, and bearing the seal of the State; and no such person will be admitted to a seat in the United States Senate chamber, whether he may have such a commission or not. Though the Democrats in the lower house should unseat two, or five, or ten Republicans, or every Republican member, and should then be joined by the Democratic minority in the Senate, they can not confer a valid election on their Senatorial candidate.

Why can not the scheming, tricky, tortuous and treacherous Democrats at Springfield understand this fact? Why can they not see that this chicanery is destined only to defeat? Why can they not be made to understand that they can confer on no one a title to the Senatorship by such methods, and that all their rascally labors and the ripened fruit of their conspiracies will be in vain!

UNDER the heading, "A Mushroom Usurper," the Chicago *Herald*, an independent Democratic paper, thus pays its respects to Speaker Haines:

"The American who boasts that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Illinois will scrutinize in vain the sayings of a Charles and the doings of a Cromwell to find a match for the audacity of Speaker Haines in pretending to issue an order for transferring to him a ballot box under seal and in the custody of an officer duly appointed for that purpose. No committee had been appointed to consider any question connected with this or any other ballot box. No authority had been obtained or sought by the speaker for the issuance of his warrant upon the clerk of the county of the commonwealth. The purpose of the stealthy mandate was as obvious as it was audacious. In such an act lies the tiny seed of revolution, which, when it bursts its sheath, leaves kings' heads in baskets and plunges peoples into conflict The mushroom usurper undertook without timidity an enterprise that would have daunted Charles and caused Cromwell to waste many tapers in midnight reflection. He undertook to usurp the power of the state to prevent the people from righting a wrong done to themselves."

THE following bill has been introduced in the Arkansaw Legislature. "A bill for an act entitled an act to protect certain people. Be it enacted that from and after the passage of this act all one-eyed people shall be admitted into shows at half-price." One gentleman from Hamfat county offered an amendment to the effect that blind people should be admitted free, but objections being raised the proposed amendment was lost, on the ground that blind people should stay at home.

IT is mentioned as a fact that Mr. Cleveland has never in his life been so ill for a day that he was unable to attend to necessary business. We will hear a different story after he has withstood the Democratic office-seekers a fortnight after his inauguration.

Look Out for Your Head!

No matter what parts it may finally affect, catarrh always begins in the head, and belongs to the head There is no mystery about the origin of this direful disease. It begins in a neglected cold. One of the kind that is "sure to be better in a few days." Thousands of victims know how it is by sad experience Ely's Cream Balm cures colds in the head and catarrh in all its stages Price 50 cents.

Feb 15 deod&w2w

THE fortifications bill, as completed by the House Appropriations Committee, calls for $4,935,000, about half of which is for new works of defense on both the Atlantic and the Pacific coasts.

Does a shoe improve with age? No. New, pliable leather is softest on corns and wears the best But your shoes of a house that turns over its stock over five times a year—and that is the popular shoe store of L. L. Ferris & Co

d&wtf

THE first practical test of a railroad telegraph line by which constant communication can be kept up between a station and a moving train was made on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad the other day, the system being the invention of Lucius J. Phelps. The train upon which the test was made ran to New Rochelle, a distance of fifteen miles. Telegraphic messages were sent and received from and by the moving train as perfectly as can be received and sent from station to station. The officers of the company, who were of the inspection party, expressed themselves entirely satisfied with the experiment.

ENGLAND has decided that the defeat of El Mahdi is necessary to the vindication of England. We believe a Christmas dinner would have been necessary to make good the word of General Wolseley. By the way, Wolseley is a military man who stated that General Grant was destitute of military ability. But it may be noted that when Grant made up his mind to go anywhere he very usually got there. This is the difference between the Galena tanner and the great military genius who is now calling for some one to come and help him let go of a "predatory Arab."

SOME time ago, Lord Wolseley wrote to a lady of Richmond, Va., a letter, in which he said: "General Lee's name will live in America when that of Mr. U. S. Grant has been long forgotten." It is to be remarked that "Mr." Grant would have known better than to send 1,500 soldiers a couple of hundred miles off into the desert with a chance of being attacked by an army 50,000 strong at a point where they could neither fight, go forward nor run away. "Mr." Wolseley's ideas of war appear to be about as unsound as his ideas about Grant.

THERE is at least one thing that Grover Cleveland declines in the present line, and that is a saddle of mutton. A good Democrat in Kentucky tried that on and the gift was politely declined in a note saying that it would have been all the same had the token of friendship been a whole carcass. The alimentary canal may be, as generally supposed, the most direct route to the heart, but it is a little too much for a man to expect to saddle himself upon the President of the United States by a piece of mutton.

IT is announced by one of the cable specials that England will "evacuate" the Soudan The military evacuation of a place or a tract of country is understood to be the voluntary retirement of the force to whose movements the phrase is applied The "evacuation" of the Soudan by the English, if they are permitted to get out at all, is likely to resemble the hasty departure of a burglar backward through an open window with the assistance of the proprietor of the premises which he had attempted to enter.

CHICAGO *Journal:* A wonderful telephonic feat was successfully accomplished Tuesday. The Mayor of Chicago and the Mayor of New York held a long verbal conversation by wire. The Mayor of Chicago was so long-winded, however—as he always is—that he tired out the Mayor of New York, who, in the language of the Governor of North Carolina to the Governor of South Carolina, concluded that "it was a long time between drinks."

Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Swearingen & Hubbard. a6

PEORIA *Transcript:* One of the Peoria aspirants for position under Cleveland hearing some talk of the "Egyptian troubles," said he "didn't believe there was any. That Bill Morrison had 'em all solid." This Mehdi nother Democrat who heard him sick.

MINNE-HA-HA, the Indian princess, who has been the admiration of dime museum dudes for several months past, eloped from Cincinnati with a St. Louis lawyer Thursday, and her manager is wrathful against poor old Missouri.

IT is reported that $10,000 have been raised to defeat the bill in the Pennsylvania legislature to prohibit the manufacture of oleomargarine and butterine.

A BIG tobacco dealer at Philadelphia made a sale of leaf tobacco the other day to the amount of 1,000,000 pounds, at 10 cents a pound.

FRESH oysters by dish or can, at J H. Krebs, 146 East Prairie street. 19d&wtf

MISSES' Spring Heels, in fine Kid and Pebble Goat, at Busher's. feb4-d&wtf

THE SALON.

A Well-Known Institution That is Essentially French.

There are some words that have a charm about them which never fades, and an interest which never flags. To those who care for France, her literature, her history, the little word salon has an irresistible fascination. It conjures up everything that is clever, charming, piquant, most characteristic of the women of France. The salon is essentially a French institution. No other nation ever produced it; no other society contains the elements for producing it. We say "a pleasant house" when we speak of a social center. In France they say "a pleasant salon." The different terms both express and explain the different ideas they represent. A house is a home where material hospitality is exercised; where friends are entertained with more substantial fare than the feast of reason and the flow of soul. A pleasant house is suggestive of snug, convivial dinners and sociable, unceremonious lunches, of bread broken at various hours between the owners of the house and their friends. Another nice distinction is that it implies a master, as well as a mistress. A salon calls up a totally different order of ideas. It supposes a mistress, but by no means necessarily a master; and it suggests no more substantial fare than talk, flow of words, and liberal interchange of ideas. It is simply a center where pleasant people are to be met and good conversation is to be had. It may have—indeed, it generally has—its particular tone and color; it may be literary, religious, political, artistic, or philanthropic; but it remains always a place for talking—a place where intellectual nectar replaces material beverages.

When we consider how much pleasure, amusement, even downright happiness, is to be got out of talk, the wonder is that so little is done toward cultivating it. Formerly, the French understood this, and gave as much time and care to the cultivation of talk as to that of any other fine art. Their salons were schools where the art of conversation was taught, arenas where its adepts and pupils exercised themselves in the game. To say of a woman, "*Elle cause bein*," was to pay her a far more delicate and flattering tribute than to praise her beauty, or even her dress. Paris is the birthplace and natural home of the salon. It is a growth indigenous to the soil of the lively city and an empire which has been respected there ever since it was first founded by Mme. de Rambouillet for the purification and perfecting of the French language. The throne has been left vacant at various periods, sometimes for long intervals; but there it has stood, ready for any *pretendante* who could take possession of it. The right of conquest was the only right recognized, or necessary. There was no hereditary law which transmitted the scepter from one queen to another. There was no dynastic code to which she was compelled to conform once she had grasped it. Like Cæsar, she had only to come, to see her empire, and to conquer it. Every woman who held in her own individuality the power to do this might, under the most elastic restrictions, aspire to sovereignity at once elective, absolute, and democratic.

These queens have sometimes been women not born in the purple of "society," or even promoted to it by marriage. It is characteristic of the supreme position conceded by the French to mere personal charm and *esprit* in women that even in the eighteenth century, in those relatively feudal ages before the revolution had leveled the barriers between classes, a woman endowed with these qualities might, without being well or even decently born, throw down the high barricades of social prejudices, and reign triumphantly as queen of a salon.—*Atlantic Monthly.*

AMMONIA.

A Liquid Which is Cheaper Than Soap, and Which Cleans Everything it Touches.

Ammonia is cheaper than soap, and cleans everything it touches. A few drops in a kettle that is hard to clean makes grease and stickiness fade away, and robs the work of all its terrors. Let it stand ten minutes before attempting to scrape off, and every corner will be clean. It cleans the sink and penetrates into the drain pipe. Spots, finger-marks on paint disappear under its magical influence, and it is equally effective on floor and oil cloth, though it must be used with care on the latter or it will injure the polish. There is nothing to equal it in cleaning the silverware, and it gives a higher polish and keeps clean longer than anything else. If the silver be only slightly tarnished put two teaspoonfuls of ammonia into a quart of hot water, brush the tarnished articles with it and dry with a chamois. If badly discolored, they may need a little whitening previous to the washing. An old nail brush goes into the cracks to polish and brighten. For fine muslin or delicate lace it is invaluable, as it cleans without rubbing the finest fabrics. Put a few drops into your sponge bath in hot weather, and you will be astonished at the result, as it imparts coolness to the skin. Use it to clean hair brushes, and to wash any hair or feathers to be used for beds or pillows. When employed in anything that is not especially soiled use the water afterwards for the house plants that are taken down from their usual position and immerse in the tub of water. Ammonia is a fertilizer, and helps to keep healthy the plants it nurishes. In every way, in fact, ammonia is the housekeeper's friend.—*Annie L. Jack, in Brooklyn Budget.*

—Rolled gold is thus manufactured. An ingot of brass is cast, and while it is yet hot a thin layer of gold alloy is poured upon it. When the ingot thus covered becomes cold it is forced between steel rollers until a long thin ribbon is produced, of which the proportion of gold and brass is, of course, the same as that of the ingot. The percentage of gold is often reduced very low—sometimes to two and three per cent. This rolled gold in cheap bracelets and watch chains lasts for ten years.—*Chicago Journal.*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the Stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Jan. 8, 1884—wly

HENRY LYON,

DEALER IN

Choice Groceries

—AND—

PROVISIONS,

28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

WE ROAST AND GRIND OUR OWN COFFEE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.

Decatur, Jan. 27 1881-wtf

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

—We transact a general—

BANKING BUSINESS!

same as an incorporated bank, Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper,

Loan Money on Mortgage Security,

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers, and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of charge.

Jan. 17, 1884—wtf

JOS. MICHL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Manufacturer of the

"El Boquet," "Belle of the West," "NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. fu120'76wtf

Money to Loan

At Lower Rates than Ever.

Loans made payable in instalments if desired Also

FARM MORTGAGES BOUGHT.

W. A. BARNES,

17 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

Nov. 20, 1880—wtf

GRANULAR LIDS,

Iritis, Amaurosis, Near-sight and all scrofulous, painful and chronic diseases of the Eye cured without pain. For terms, reference, etc., address,

GALVANIC INFIRMARY, Decatur, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

REMEMBER

JOHN IRWIN'S

WHITE FRONT,

—IS—

Headquarters for Honest Treatment!

FINE CLOTHING

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS

At the Very Lowest Prices.

A CLEAN SWEEP!

OUR ANNUAL INVENTORY IS TAKEN.

We find that we have a much larger stock of all sorts of Winter goods than we desire to hold or carry over to next season, and that our stock of Ladies' and Misses'

WINTER WRAPS,

Ladies', Misses' and Child's

Underwear and Hosiery,

SHAWLS, BLANKETS,

KNIT AND CROTCHET GOODS,

DRESS GOODS,

—AND—

DRESS GOODS MATERIAL,

is unusually full for February.

We have placed a very LOW VALUATION UPON OUR STOCK, and offer all classes of Winter Stuff at

33% LESS

THAN INVENTORY PRICES.

We shall not give prices here, but invite everybody to

COME AND SEE US SWEEP OUT!

Big 18 CHEAP STORE.

MERCHANT ST.

300 CAR LOADS

—OF—

FIRST CLASS TILE

Are piled up in our yards ready for shipment. The best we ever made, in sizes from

3 TO 12 INCHES—Inclusive.

COME AND EXAMINE THEM.

Factory adjoining the fair grounds, on line of the Citizens' Street Railway.

Address all orders

DECATUR TILE CO.,

Telephone 126. Decatur, Ill.

Jan. 15-w6mo

Established 1860

J. MILLIKIN & CO.

BANKERS

—AND—

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE

MONEY TO LOAN

We have put in Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing a secure place for their Bonds, Mortgage Notes, Insurance Policies, &c.

March 17, 1881—wtf

LOCAL NEWS.

THE state fair agony is at an end for another two years.

THEY sell coal at Mattoon at $2.25 a ton, same as in Decatur.

PERHAPS Decatur will get the state fair in 1887—if Chicago doesn't want it.

GENTS' fine Smoking Jackets, to be had only at B. Stine's. d&wtf

THE next State Labor Convention will be held in Decatur during the winter of 1886.

JUDGE SMITH will hold the March term of the circuit court at Paris, Edgar county.

CALL at Spencer, Lehman & Co.'s, Palace Hotel Block, for the Deere Broadcast Seeder. feb 12-w4

IT will take $1,000 to $2,000 to fit up the county grounds in decent shape for a county fair. Where is the money?

LADIES can find an Elegant Line of Slippers and fine Shoes at Busher's. feb4-d&wtf

LOWRY, the St. Louis horse buyer, says he is getting tired of purchasing stolen horses, and that he will make somebody suffer ere long.

WAY back in 1856 the following prices were paid in Decatur for grain: Corn, 25c, oats, 25c, spring wheat, $1 to $1.10, and winter wheat, $1 30 to $1.40.

IN the assumpsit case of Lutz & Wise vs James Hopson, to recover $100 on an organ, the jury in the county court returned a verdict in favor of the defendant.

WONDER if the county board will proceed to fix up the tumble-down buildings at the fair grounds. Or are we to have a county fair this year?

THE capital stock of the Decatur Steam Tile company has been increased from 250 shares to 500, at $100 each. The books are now open.

GEORGE, the infant son of Peter and Lizzie Shutter, died at the family residence in Whitmore township on Wednesday, aged 9 months and 10 days.

AT Danville a few days ago, in a suit to collect a note given in payment of a bet on the result of the election, the court held the note to be void.

THE silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. George Longstreet, of Maroa, was celebrated Monday night, closing with a ball. There were about 100 guests present.

L. K. SCROGGIN, of Mt. Pulaski, has a 5-year-old chestnut mare that is adorned with mane and tail that hang to the ground. Both are white, making the animal a curiosity.

THE earnings of the 3,518 miles of road, comprising the Wabash system, for the year 1884, was $10,606,381, which was a decrease compared with the earnings of 1883, of $212,082; earning per mile for the year, $4,745 98.

COL. BOB INGERSOLL is making arrangements for a five years' tour of Europe, and will start an an early day. He is understood to have an assured income of $100,000 per annum from his enormous cattle ranche.

THURSDAY evening, the 26th, will be a gay time at the St. Nicholas hotel. On that night the Knights of Pythias will give their annual ball and reception. The members of the committee of arrangements are M. Heilbrun, J. W. Bradfield, W. Steinbacher, John Grass and I. J. Chronister.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, Oh it will wear away, but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Krump's Balsam, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and $1 00. *Trial size free.* For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner, druggist, 14 south side new square. b3

The Mortgage is Lifted.

Through the persistent efforts of the pastor, Rev. T. W. Pinkerton, the mortgage for $1,000 that has been resting on the Christian church, has been paid off, and on Sunday the pastor and people will indulge in a jubilee service over the cancellation of the old debt. The mortgage was given in 1879, but now it is lifted and the church is entirely free from debt.

The Homeliest Man in Decatur,

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on Dr. A J. Stoner, druggist, No. 14 south side new square, and get *free* a trial bottle of Kemp s Balsam for the throat and lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits, and is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption. Price 50 cents and $1. b3

JUDGING from the number of renters who are advertising to sell off their farm stock there will be quite an emigration from this county within the next two months. The American is never satisfied; he is always hunting up a new location where he thinks he can do better. One out of a thousand finds the home of his fancy and the balance go disappointed through life, never knowing the pleasure of a fixed abode.—*Clinton Public.*

All in the Line of Nature.

There is nothing in the line of magic or mystery about that wonderful and popular medicine, Parker's Tonic. It is simply the best and most scientific combination possible of the essential principles of those vegetable curatives which act powerfully and directly on the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood. But there neither is, nor will be, any successful imitation of it. It is all the time curing those who had despaired of ever getting well. For yourself, your wife and children.

feb2-deod&w4w

What Makes a Live City?

A city is very much like an individual To be flourishing it must have energy and enterprise. The people in the city should labor for its prosperity. They should remember that their individual prosperity depends to a large degree upon the character of the place in which their business is located. Every public measure should be liberally supported by all, especially by the business men. At the present day there is as much competition between cities as there is among persons or similar business enterprises. A man seeking for a location will invariably select a city that is up to the times and eagerly favoring every modern improvement. A city in these modern times, and in the face of so much opposition, can't afford to be peopled with old fogies or "antediluvian fossils" who are continually "kicking" at every enterprise. To make a flourishing and busy city you must believe in its future and then work for it. Encourage every improvement. Help every enterprise. Offer inducements to persons looking for a location.

Another Church Racket.

There appears to be an epidemic of church quarrels southeast of Decatur. The one at Lovington about an organ was recently reported, and now comes another from Oakland, a town on the Illinois Midland railway. The *Ledger* of that place gives the alleged facts as follows:

On last Wednesday night the "Sons of God" met at the M. E. Church in this city, and as the book says, "Satan came also." It was a union revival conducted by Revs Moor and Hekox, when for some reason unknown to us, Rev. Moor felt that he was slighted and "spoke out in meetin'"; said he had been treated like he was a dog and a reprobate, that he nor the Cumberlands, or the Baptists were wanted by the Methodists, and for him and his, the r part of the union services would terminate Hekox, with his usual arrogance, declared that it was a union meeting and could and would go on. About this time, amid the babel of confusion, Solomon Hendrix stepped between the belligerents and ordered the doxology and the congregation dispersed.

Took his Father's Horse.

Monday last Charley Tooley, who was lately a street car driver on the Priest line, got himself into close quarters. He went to his father's place southwest of Decatur and came in with a mare valued at $150. He took her to Mr. Lowrey, the St. Louis horse buyer, and sold her for $65. Mr. Lowrey thought there was something wrong about the sale, and he communicated his suspicions to Marshal Mason, who managed to get the $65 from Tooley and held it until to-day, waiting to have Tooley prove that the sale was straight. This morning Tooley's father came to town looking for his missing mare, and he learned through the Marshal that she had been sold as already stated. The horse will be returned to the farmer, but what will be done with young Tooley remains to be decided upon.

The Labor Convention

The State Labor Convention was held at Springfield this week, and D. E. Yates, L. W. Fribourg and Bert Stewart, of Decatur, were in attendance. The principal object of the meeting was to appoint a committee representing laboring men to look over all measures affecting labor that may be recommended to the legislature. Officers were elected for one year; J. M. Smith, of Springfield, president; Bert Stewart, of Decatur, first assistant secretary. Mr. Stewart served as chairman of the committee on resolutions, and was also a member of the legislative committee; D. E. Yates, on ways and means, and L. W. Fribourg on platform. The convention voted to hold its next session in Decatur.

Another Industry.

Decatur is constantly picking up in the manufacturing line. The latest feature is the enterprise soon to be inaugurated by F. P. and George Murphy, of Warrensburg, who have rented property in the city, and will commence the manufacture of wire reels for check-rowers. They will be made at the Novelty Works. This patent wire reel is said to be a good thing and will sell rapidly. We welcome the Murphy brothers to Decatur, and wish for them every possible success in their undertaking.

SHE encouraged him to "pop"—

"Your's the belle of the town,"
The young man said,
As he smoothed the curls
On her queenly head.
He took the hint, the young man did,
When she gave her little head a ting,
And murmured softly in his ear:
"What good is a bell without a ring?"

IF you want shoes go to J. W. Baker's new store on Merchant street. He is receiving new goods every day, or you can buy any shoes that were not wet or soiled at about half price. Remember the place, between Lyon's grocery store and Cole's drug store. Feb 3-d&wtf

SONG of the Democrats.

I want to be a P. M.,
And with the P. M.'s stand;
An ink pad on the table,
A stamper in my hand
And there before the letters
I'll work with glowing face,
And thank the great unterified
For giving me the place.

Lecture Course.

The Nashville Students, jubilee singers, will give their concert Feb. 26th. "Bob" Burdette will be here March 23d; and Joseph Cook April 13th.

A. H. MILLS, Sec.

Verdict for Defendant.

The jury in the county court in the corn case of D. W. Alexander vs. Webb & Lewis, to recover $62, brought in a verdict to-day in favor of the defendants.

Now is the time for a cheap suit or an overcoat at Cheap Charley's, way below par. 7-dawtf

A BLACK time for Cheap Charley for he next thirty days. 7-dawtf

The Great "Deep Snow."

In time of a very severe storm such as Decatur has had this week, th ugh the fall of the fleecy was comparatively light, 'old timers,'" those citizens whose memories run back beyond the 30's, love to tell what they know about the storm that was a storm. They tell it over and over again with many variations, but they all stick to the text as nearly as possible for the 'oldest inhabitant" who is accustomed to spinning yarns to amaze the late comers. It is written and told that the winter of 1830-31 is known among the pioneer settlers of Illinois as the time of "the deep snow." Up to that time t is claim d that the climate of the central part of the state was so mild that cotton was a good crop—in fact, that Illinois was as good a cotton state as Georgia. About Christmas, 1830, the rain which was falling turned to snow, which continued to fall until it lay at least three feet on a level all over the state. The rain fell and a hard crust formed on top of the snow. For nearly three mor h afterward the ther mometer did not rise higher than twelve degrees below zero It was useless to attempt to break roads, and the best plan was to follow as near y as possible the same track and beat it down solid. The roads thus became firm, while on the sides the snow would melt more rapidly, leaving the road high above the surrounding level. When most of the snow on the prairies had melted, these roads remained and looked like silver threads, stretching as far as the eye could follow. The storm came so unexpectedly that most of the corn was still in the field, and there was a scant supply for the stock, and many animals died. Many men who were caught by the storm lost their lives. Everything upon which wild game was accustomed to feed was covered up and the result was almost extermination The deer which up to that time had been plentiful, suffered greatly, and were easily killed by the hunters. The Indians who occupied the state had a tradition of a previous deep snow about the year 1800, which rivaled the fall of 1830-31.

A DEALER states that when apples are frozen in tight barrels they will not be injured unless they chance to be in the open air or where they will suddenly thaw out. When under cover in a tight room or cellar it frequently requires several weeks for them to thaw out. The second time an apple freezes there is more danger of injury, but under favorable conditions an apple may be frozen and thawed three times without injury. If an apple can be frozen in November and kept frozen all winter, it will come out in the spring in the same state that it was in the fall. It will not ripen while in the frozen state. Baldwins frozen the first of December and kept frozen until the middle of March will be too hard to eat the first of April, and in May will be about as ripe as they will be in January when not frozen.

Business Failure.

From Friday's Daily.

Roswell W. Weld, the hardware dealer in the B. H. Cassell building, on East Main street, made an assignment to-day for the benefit of his creditors. The assignee is Silas G. Hatch. However, Sheriff Foster took possession of the stock previous to the filing of the assignment papers. The executions in the hands of the sheriff were issued and based on the following confessions made last night by Mr. Weld:

Mary B. C. Wills,	$4,767.11
Ludentia A. Weld,	570.22
Francis W. Danielson,	560 91
William F. Wills,	407 34
Levi Towl,	777.34
Total,	$7,078 22

The firm of Cushing & Weld began business here about two years ago. Last year Major Cushing withdrew and Mr. Barton entered the firm. A few weeks ago Mr. Barton retired, and since then Mr. Weld conducted the business alone. The stock is valued at less than $5,000. The total amount of liabilities is not not known.

The Weld Stock.

By consent of the parties interested, in the county court to-day Judge Greer issued an order placing the R. W. Weld hardware stock in the hands of the assignee, Silas G. Hatch, who now has possession. The value of the stock is now estimated at $11,000. There are preferred claims against it to the amount of nearly $8,000 The assignee, by order of the court will sell the stock and pay these preferred claims first, or as much of it as he can, and then if any money is left the tardy creditors who have about $3,000 in claims against Mr. Weld will get it. It is said the stock will not sell for more than forty or fifty per cent. of its value.

Jackson's Deed.

The William Riley Jackson who is in the Bloomington jail for having shot and killed Richard Parr at Danvers, in McLean county, proves to be the same party who got into a bloody fight with a man near the tray factory here a few years since. He was known as Dug Ennis when he fired the bullets at Parr, the murder growing out of trouble about a woman named Lou Austin, who is out west somewhere. Jackson is a young man and is known to the officers here as a quick-tempered tough.

A FARMER of this state claims to have discovered a new method of heating which renders him independent of the coal companies. He has a sheet iron stove, so constructed that he can entirely shut off the draught. In this place he puts a bunch of corn stalks, tightly tied together, and these keep a comfortable heat half a day. But what are the city folk going to do? They haven't a supply of stalks, and they will be certain to be as high as hard coal, if the farmer's discovery proves to be all the rage. What's the use of discovering a substitute when it costs as much as the original article?

LADIES' SHOES made to measure. It is difficult for some ladies to find a good, comfortable fit in ready-made shoes. I have made arrangements to take measures, and guarantee fit, and make shoes as you like them to order in one week after leaving measure.

Feb 3-d&wtf J. W. BAKER.

MAN AB UT TOWN.

Several citizens who re in a huff because Decatur did not get the state fair strongly advocate the formation of a syndicate for the purpose of converting the fair grounds into a lovely park.

That was the same talk indulged in two years ago, when Chicago gave us our first black eye, but it didn't amount to anything. It was all talk, and I believe it will pan out the same way this time. It would take five figures to name the amount of cash necessary to fit up the grounds suitable for a park, but the expense would not end there. It would require the expenditure of several thousand dollars every year to keep the grounds in decent repair. Who would foot the bills?

Perl and Bonduro are still on the anxious seat, pending the recount of the coroner ballots. Both pretend to be calm and collected, but they are greatly concerned about the outcome, particularly Perl, who is in a hurry to have the matter settled. Judge Greer will probably gratify the contestants during the coming week.

The children held the fort at the postoffice to-day, and as it is Saturday Old Valentine got no rest at all. Captain Lytle's fingers got so used to handing out two-cent stamps that it was no trick at all for him to wait on half a dozen callers at a time. The agony will end to-night. The dealers say they have had an unusually large sale of costly and cheap valentines.

I met several citizens to-day who strongly advocate the enterprise of getting up a Central Illinois fair, embracing 50 or more counties, that will knock the Chicago show out of time and compel the state board to hearken to the voice of the people who dwell in Egypt and out of the charmed circle that takes in Peoria and Chicago Such a scheme if successfully carried out might bring the state board to taw. Who will take the lead?

There were 15 to 20 loads of good hay on sale on South Water street to-day. The owners asked $9 a ton for the mixed quality and $10 for the Timothy.

An officer of the county fair board told me to-day that so far no steps had been taken to hold a fair this year, and that he didn't see how anything could be done until the grounds and buildings were put in proper shape. He thought the county ought to sell the grounds or lease them to private parties. Then something could be accomplished.

YOUNG MEN—READ THIS.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

dec15-deod&w1yr

ONE of the detached buildings on the Piatt county poor farm burned on last Monday night with three inmates, female paupers. It is not known how the fire originated. When discovered, the inside of the building was all on fire. The building was for idiotic paupers who could not be kept in the main building. Two of the three had been kept there some fifteen years. The building was a small, cheap one, some fifteen feet square, one story high.—*Monticello Herald.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Swearingen & Hubbard feb19dawly

PERSONAL MENTION.

Frank Stevenson is home from Rushville, where he attended the funeral of his wife's father, Judge P. H. Walker.

Mrs. Mary Stookey Randle, formerly of Harristown, has a long letter from Boston in another column of this issue.

Justice Lowry, his many friends will be gratified to learn, will soon be able to come down town on crutches. The break of his hip bone healed nicely.

C. C. Burroughs, of the Union Iron Works, is in the city on a visit. Mr B.'s home is in Kansas, where he is constantly engaged in working up business for the Iron Works. He is in excellent health.

Rev. Mr Wylder, the Methodist presiding elder, has flattering reports of a wonderfully successful revival now in progress at Butler in Christian county. That county is a good field for missionary work.

MARRIED.

In this city at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs W. S Nichols, on Feb. 11, 1885, at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. W H. Prestley, MR. HENRY L. JIMISON and MISS NELLIE A. NICHOLS.

In this city, on Feb. 11, 1885, by Rev. Prestley, MR. EDWARD RICHARDSON and MISS MAGGIE A. HOPKINS, both of Macon township.

In this city, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr and Mrs. Early Johnson on Feb. 11, 1885, at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. George Stevens, of Stapp's Chapel, MR. B F. BALEY and MISS EMMA B. JOHNSON, both of Decatur.

The groom is the owner of the Citizens' transfer line of wagons. The couple are at home to friends at 241 West Main street.

DIED.

In this city, at 714 West Main street, on February 13, at 4 p. m., DELBERT, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Schenk, aged 16 months.

This is the child who drank concentrated lye Thursday evening. The burial will take place on Sunday.

At Pecatonica, Ill., Feb. 3, 1885, ZIBA A. TRULL, aged 73 years, formerly of Decatur.

In this city at 844 Condit street, at 2:45 a. m. Saturday, Feb. 14, 1885, of paralysis, MARY, wife of Martin Fitzgerald, aged 69 years.

THE best on earth, can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner. dec8-ly

GENTS' Smoking Jackets at B. Stine's.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

Entered at the post office at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

THE Chicago *Journal* calls him El Mahdi Haines.

SHOOT the base prevaricator who prophesied a mild winter.

EL MAHDI and El Pahdi, says a witty exchange, are giving John Bull a good deal of anxiety just now.

WE are indebted to Hon. Shelby M. Cullom for interesting and valuable public documents.

WHAT is to be the issue at the coming municipal election? Will it be street paving, whisky or politics?

THE *Review* favors the "non-partisan" movement for the election of judges—in this circuit. History thus repeats itself.

THE nearer we get to the time for a Democratic administration to begin the more miserable and beastly becomes the weather. "The times are sadly out of joint."

WHY is it that this "non-partisan" scheme in this circuit is wholly in the hands of the Democrats? What Republican has declared himself in favor of the plan?

OUR "non-partisan" neighbor says he "believes the farther we can have our judges from partisan politics, the better." Exactly, provided they are Democrats.

IT becomes more evident as the days roll by that Wm. R. Morrison cannot be elected United States Senator, or even command the full Democratic strength of the legislature on a single ballot.

IN the war of words last Friday, in the joint session at Springfield, Mason rather got away with Linegar. It was the little giant of Cook against the big duffer from Cairo, with victory on the side of the former.

OH, NO, BRO JACK; we do not expect Cleveland "to permit a great many radical officials to hold on." How could he, with such a vast multitude of hungry Democrats begging, importuning and threatening him for the crumbs that fall from his table?

SIX weeks of the legislature fooled away, and the only thing made plain by this reckless waste of the people's money is the fact that the Waukegan boss has the Democratic party of Illinois by the throat and means to choke it into submission to his will.

DURING the winter packing season, which commenced November 1, Chicago packers have slaughtered 2,152,000 hogs, against 1,848,000 for the corresponding period a year ago. The summer packing season will open on the second proximo.

EL MADHI HAINES, the false prophet who leads the Democratic party of Illinois (by the nose), has been speaker for three weeks, but has not yet announced his committees, and until that is done there can be no progress in legislative work. Mean time the monkey-show goes on, at a cost of $2,000 per day to the taxpayers of the state. And this is the sort of "economy" about which Democrats prated so loudly during the campaign.

SNOW nine inches deep is reported to have fallen several places in the state of Mississippi during the last few days, and railroad traffic between New Orleans and Vicksburg has been impeded by snow. It can be averred, in view of these facts, that "the oldest inhabitant" will have to tax his imagination to call to mind a winter rivalling the present one, whose cold hangs about us with a zero intensity yet.

AS IT IS understood now, the REPUBLICAN is in favor of three men from the eastern half of this large district for judges, because they happen to be Republicans.—*Review.*

AS the REPUBLICAN understands itself it is in favor of three good men for judges, whether they be from the eastern or western half of the district, the north, south or center, or anywhere within its borders, and it would prefer to find all of them within the Republican party if possible, seeing that it has a large majority in the circuit.

The Mackin Trial.

At the trial of the Chicago election conspirators, on Saturday, the defense introduced one Sullivan, who testified that he was a printer, and that on the night of the election he printed 5,000 tickets like the ones found in the violated ballot box—Republican tickets with Brand's name in place of Leman's. Other witnesses testified that the plate from which these tickets were printed was procured from Jeffery's office (where the straight tickets were printed) through the connivance of an employe who had since left the city. The cross-examination of these witnesses revealed so clearly the fact that the testimony was a mass of perjury that Col. Tuthill, the district attorney, procured the arrest of Sullivan on a warrant charging him with perjury, and to day comes the news that he has given the whole story away. The following special to the *Globe Democrat* from Chicago gives the news:

J. J Sullivan, now under arrest for perjury in the Mackin trial, has made a confession, alleging that his testimony in behalf of the defense is untrue, and that it was a part of the conspiracy entered into by himself and others, who were to receive for their services a considerable sum of money.

Sullivan states that in his conversation with Mackin the latter told him the substance of the evidence wanted, and promised him a position in Washington Gilmore, another witness in the case was arrested on a charge of perjury. Other arrests are expected.

All of which will help to send Mr. Mackin to the penitentiary.

For Circuit Judge.

Under the proper head in to-day's paper will be found the announcement of James F. Hughes, of Mattoon, as a candidate for circuit judge at the June election, subject to the decision of the Republican nominating convention. Mr. Hughes is one of the foremost lawyers at the bar of Eastern Illinois, and stands deservedly high with all who know him. He has passed the whole period of his professional life in this circuit, and enjoys a reputation for uprightness and probity such as any man might be proud of. He has been a steadfast Republican since 1860, and served over three years as a private soldier and noncommissioned officer in the Union army. He has all the requirements necessary in a good judge—knowledge of the law, clearness of perception, a mind free from prejudice, and an instinctive love of fairness and justice. If he is nominated by the Republican convention, he will surely be elected, and will not disappoint the expectations of his friends.

A MATTOON dispatch says: "A call has been issued for a non-partisan convention of the Fourth Judicial Circuit, to be held in this city on March 25. To judge from the present indications, it will be largely attended by delegates from all the counties in the circuit. There is a popular feeling that will doubtless lead to the nomination of James W. Craig, of this city, as one of the candidates." It is a somewhat remarkable fact that this "non partisan" movement—in this judicial circuit, at least—is always engineered by Democrats, in the interest of some Democratic candidate. In circuits where there is a safe Democratic majority that party is never fearful concerning a "partisan judiciary." but calls Democratic conventions, nominates Democratic candidates and elects Democratic judges with the most unvarying regularity. What good reason is there why the "non-partisan" people in this strong Republican circuit should not be treated to a dose of the same medicine administered by their brethren to Republicans in strong Democratic circuits? If there has been a Republican judge elected in any reliable Democratic circuit in this state for a dozen years it has been the result of an accident.

THE St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, referring to the Senatorial contest in this State, says: "Logan never appeared to better advantage in a political fight than at the present time, when he has nothing to give and nothing to promise, and when he yet has a stronger proportionate Republican strength than ever before. To win now will be ten times an ordinary victory, and his friends are the men to appreciate this fact and work the harder. In all the Logan ranks at Springfield there is not one who can be called a soldier of fortune."

LOGAN GOT 101 VOTES.

The Situation at the Capital Getting Interesting.

[Special to the REPUBLICAN.]

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 18,—1 p. m.—Both Houses met in joint session at 12 o'clock to-day, and ballotted for United States Senator. It resulted:

Logan, Rep	101 votes
Morrison, Dem	95 "
Haines, Ind	4 "
Frank Lawler	1 "
John Smith	1 "
Necessary to election	102 "

No choice.

Sittig and O'Shay were absent. Haines voted for Morrison. The vote for "John Smith" was cast by Senator Streeter.

An adjournment was taken to 10 a. m. Thursday.

WE know the political school in which the Republican has been trained. Democrats are only tolerated with it when an advertisement can be secured or a subscription can be had.—*Review*

In the matter of business the publishers of this paper have made it an unvarying rule, during the seventeen years and over of their experience, to know no politics. When a Democrat has any business with the office he has always found us as ready to accommodate him as anybody. We have never found it necessary nor have we had any inclination to go to Democratic business men and threaten them with a loss of Republican patronage, unless they advertised in our columns. (Does the *Review* catch on?) We have never begged Democratic lawyers to bring us the patronage placed at their disposal by their Republican clients, nor have we tried to force Republican lawyers to give us the legal work of their Democratic clients. When a Democrat voluntarily brings us any of his favors, great or small, we certainly do not turn them away, but try to do as well by him as we would by anybody else. And we desire to say here and now, to the credit of the Democratic business men of Decatur, commercial and professional, that they have never betrayed anything akin to the temper so often displayed by the *Review* in treating this question. With a better and clearer conception of the relations existing among business men than any that ever illuminated the narrow precincts of our neighbor's mind, they have looked upon this matter from a purely business standpoint, and have never imagined that their favors towards us in the way of trade ought to make us any more "non partisan" in our politics. We are glad to say for them, as a class, that they do not follow the precepts of the *Review*, by carrying their politics into their business. If they prefer to advertise in the REPUBLICAN rather than in the *Review* we do not see why we should be blamed for it, though we can readily see why that fact might well disturb the peace of mind of our neighbor. However, we feel it incumbent upon us to say that the Democratic business men who have thus incurred the displeasure of the *soi disant* boss of the Macon county Democracy have displayed a rare amount of sense and good judgment in their preference. Now, we have no words of criticism to indulge in against the Republicans who contribute so large a percentage of the patronage enjoyed by our neighbor. They doubtless give him the benefit of their favors on purely business principles, just as sensible, practical men like them always do. They are not believers in the Southern idea which our neighbor so foolishly seeks to have acclimated in this region—they are willing to do business even with those newspapers which continually stigmatize the party to which they belong as a crew of villainous thieves and plunderers. Why should not our neighbor acknowledge gratefully this exhibition of the "non partisan" spirit on the part of a majority of his patrons, upon whose favors he daily feasts, and ought to fatten? For shame, brother, for shame!

THE Confederate brigadiers tried for four years to "down Grant," but never succeeded. When they found themselves in control of the house of representatives, however, they discovered that the time had come for them to get in their work, and with the help of their willing tools from the North they succeeded in proving that "the Southern Confederacy is again in the saddle."

A WASHINGTON correspondent calls attention to some popular errors with reference to the terms of federal officials. He says that even among members of Congress there is a surprising amount of misinformation in regard to patronage. They talk about tenure of office applying to this position and the other one, when the specified appointments are for unlimited terms, and the incumbents may be replaced at any time. In all the great army of officials within the treasury department proper at Washington, there is only one, a comptroller, whose commission specifies a term of years.

The Presidential offices, all told, number 4,930, of which 3,830 are postoffices, the commissions for which are made out to run four years. Of the remaining 1,100 there are not 300 which are made for specific terms. Four years appointments, besides those of postmasters, are made for the following class of officers:

1. Collectors, naval officers, surveyors and appraisers in the customs service.
2. United States assistant treasurers.
3. United States marshals.
4. United States district attorneys.
5. Pension agents.
6. Surveyors general.
7. Indian agents.

These, with a few Territorial and District of Columbia offices, comprise the list to which the tenure-of-office act may be construed to apply.

IT seems that the Oneida Community has practically fallen to pieces, not on account of outside opposition, but because of its own inherent weakness and wickedness. The founder, Noyes, is in Canada, and the members are scattered in all directions, and it is not likely that the organization will ever again attract any particular attention. Such is the common fate of these experiments at the substitution of some other rule of life for the ordinary moral code; and the fact is to the credit of human nature. Mormonism has managed to survive longer than any other of the modern abominations of this sort, but it will go too in time.

THE little negro republic of Liberia, the offspring of the United States, is in a bad way. It has an empty treasury and owes England $5,000,000, which falls due next year. Now it is in mortal terror lest England will gobble up the country, while France is said to be already moving to get the Liberians to call for her protection. The knowledge of the struggles for dominion going on around them may have distorted the vision and magnified the fears of the Liberian blacks. But if such designs upon them are being entertained the United States ought not to watch their consummation with indifference.

WAR'S dread alarms carry terror to the hearts of peace loving citizens, but it is safe to say that the number of lives annually sacrificed to liver complaints, in its various forms, greatly exceed those of the most destructive battles. George L. Martinez, of Nicaragua, writes: "During my last visit to New York I was presented with a half dozen bottles of Mishler's Herb Bitters, and I cheerfully testify that less than two bottles cured me of liver complaint of five years' standing."

TO THE boy who is ambitious: Son, make a note of this weather and repeat the story often, and when you become one of the oldest inhabitants you will have told it so frequently that you will say many times during the cold winters of 1920 to 1950 that in an early day in 1885, the thermometers went down to 50 degrees below zero every other day.

GEN. GRANT has recently repaid a loan of $1,000 made to him last May, when the firm of Grant & Ward failed, by a man in Lansingburg, N. Y. The use of the money was voluntarily offered for one year without interest, and in returning it Gen. Grant expresses his thanks and explains that he had been able to earn the sum himself within the time specified.

IN one of her letters George Eliot says to a friend. "My present address is Grief Castle, on the River of Gloom, in the Valley of Dolor." This will be the address of a great many Democrats when they hear that Mr. Cleveland intends to stand by civil-service reform.

Especially to Women.

"Sweet is revenge, especially to women," said the gifted but naughty Lord Byron. Surely he was in bad humor when he wrote such words. But there are complaints that only women suffer, that are carrying numbers of them down to early graves. There is hope for those who suffer, no matter how sorely, or severely, in Dr R V Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." Safe in its action it is a blessing, *especially to women*, and to men, too, for when women suffer the household is a-kew.

GOOD goods, low prices—at Busher's shoe store. Feb17-d&wtf

—Benjamin S. Wilcox, of New Bedford, 80 years old, walked 17 miles in five hours the other day.

A Bad Accident Followed by Surgical Relief.

Last Friday morning Henry Funk, a prominent farmer, living five miles northwest of Maroa, and son of Supervisor Milton Funk, of Maroa township, met with a singular but painful and dangerous accident. While doing some heavy work in his wood yard before it was fairly light, he stumbled and almost fell and in his effort to recover he severely strained himself in the region of the abdomen low down on the right side. He was immediately seized with pain and cramping of a colicy nature and soon commenced vomiting, which continued persistently and uninterruptedly despite all that medical skill would do for him. He was attended by Dr. W. T. McLean, of Maroa, who at once recognized the nature of the trouble and told Mr. Funk and his friends that the small bowels had gotten linked or knotted so as to strangulate the bowels completely, and that he thought a surgical operation would be necessary to save his life, but that it was *possible* that medicine might afford relief; but though every rational and scientific thing was done for him, nothing did any good toward a cure until yesterday Dr. Walston, of Decatur, was called by telephone, and went up at 2 o'clock, and at 7 last night, assisted by Dr. McLean, he operated on Mr. Funk, opening the abdomen over the point where the bowel was strangulated and took the kink—a knot—out of it, and sewed up the wound. When Dr. Walston left Mr. Funk, this morning at 6 o'clock, his bowels had moved five or six times naturally, the first action that was possible since the occurrence of the accident. It is now strongly believed and sincerely hoped that Mr. Funk's recovery will be speedy and complete

Meanest Sneak in Town.

Malarial gases sneaked up through the poorly constructed drains and made baby very sick with malarial fever. Baby would have died but for timely use of Brown's Iron Bitters. There is nothing meaner in its way of coming, nor worse in its effects, than this malaria from the underground regions. Mrs. McDonald, of New Haven, Conn., says: "For six years I suffered from the effects of malaria, but Brown's Iron Bitters cured me entirely." Try it when malaria steals in and undermines your constitution. It will give relief.

—There is nothing religious about the hen, but she may not inappropriately be called a lay sister.

THE greatest foe of American people is consumption. Its victims number many thousands each year. Physicians and druggists have at last found a remedy which they feel justified in recommending. This is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. It cures coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free. For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner 3

Pay Your Taxes.

Property owners of the city and township are again notified that taxes for 1884 are now due, and that the final day for payment is rapidly drawing near. My office is over Gorin, Dawson & Co's bank, on Merchant street. Call without further delay. O. C. RADCLIFF, Collector. feb10-d&w6t

W. F BUSHER has the best gent's $3.00 button shoe in the city. Feb17-d&wtf

MARRIED.

In this city at the Hotel Brunswick, in the parlor of the officiating Justice Feb. 4, 1885, by Ira B. Curtis, J. P., M . FREDERICK OSBORN and MISS EMMA L. PAUL, both of Mawequa, Ill.

By B. McGorray. J. P., on the evening of the 17th inst., MR. SAMUEL MEEK and MISS MAGGIE HARLOW.

In this city at the residence of Mrs. Langford, on Webster street, Feb. 17 1885, by R v Fleming Gray, MR. SAMUEL HUSTON and MISS ANNA YEAGER, both of Decatur.

The couple will make their home at Shelbyville, this state.

By Squire D. C. Corley in the parlors of the St Nicholas Hotel, at 3 o'clock p m on Tuesday February 17, 1885, JOHN J. PANN-MAN, of Cornland, and MISS ELIZA OTT, of Harristown.

DIED.

In this city, at her residence, on Jackson street, of a combination of diseases, at 4 a. m., on Sunday, Feb. 15, 1885, EMILY HANDSBROUGH, aged 45 years.

IT is disappointing to learn that Mrs. Langtry has not done well in "The School for Scandal." If she cannot succeed as Lady Teazle after a whole lifetime of practice in the arts of a refined Mrs. Grundy, a convincing proof of the theory that simulation and not nature is essential to histrionic success will be afforded. Mrs. Langtry would better play the part of a nun or a missionary hereafter.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the postoffice at Decatur, Macon county, Ill., for the week ending Feb. 18, 1885:

Bedlock Leslie	Morgan Ida
Chandler Charles A	Morrison Jennie
Church Miss Bell	Noble William
Clark Mrs Mary	Platt Lewis
Chapman Miss Mollie	Piney Tom
Carr H T m J	Ray Anna
Chambers W M	Pieflin ine
Donna Laura	Reed Miss Mollie A
Dunham Katie	Scott Mrs Bell
Ealy Alfred	Shepard Ira
Eckert Miss Nellie	Sanborn Nellie
Fry Miss Lizzie	Shnel P A
Gard Charles A	Stienlog August
Gough Mrs Lulu	Storms E W
Ingersol John	Stevens Miss Lora
Hawkins Emma	Sounders Laura
Hort Robert	Smith W C
Harry Rose H	Street Wm W
Hoagland Mrs Lindo C	Smith A L
Hoffmeister Willie	Thomas George
Johns J C	Whitham Edward
Joice Walter	Weise Henry
Kylander Miss Maggie	Wicker Miss Lizzie
Lout Charles	Whitehead W W
Lindley Thomas	Wray Richard

FOREIGN.

Gilmore Thomas	Smith A L

PACKAGES.

McGovern Mrs Lucy

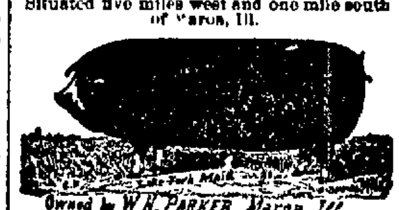
Farmers' Column.

MONEY FOUND.—Some days ago a small sum of money was found. The owner by applying to this office, identifying and proving property can have the same returned to him, after paying expense of advertising. 1406w1*

WANTED—Ladies and Gentlemen to keep our goods on exhibition. Agents make $3 to $7 daily. Send 10 cents for illustrated Catalogue and begin at once. PARK MFG. CO., 739, Broadway, New York. Box 1891. Dec. 29 d&w3m

LAKE FORK STOCK FARM

Situated five miles west and one mile south of Maroa, Ill.



Owned by W. H. PARKER Maroa Ill.

W. H. PARKER,

Importer and Breeder of

Short-Horn Cattle, Southdown Sheep,

—AND—

POLAND CHINA SWINE.

All stock eligible to record. Prices reasonable and stock guaranteed. Feb 18wtf

FOR SALE.

A fine Jersey Cattle Club Bull for sale by JOHN A. BROWN. Feby12-w1mo

60 3-Year Old Mules

AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

On Friday, February 20th, 1885,

The undersigned will sell at public auction at his Home Farm, three-quarters of a mile north of Clinton,

SIXTY THREE YEAR OLD MULES,

To be sold in pairs.

Terms of Sale—Ten months credit, the purchaser giving note with approved security.

THOMAS SNELL.

Clinton, Ill., Feb 5 1885-wtd

MONEY TO LOAN on farm lands at 7 per cent, without commission. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, over New York Store, Decatur, Illinois. dec 11—w6m

AUCTIONEER.

Having had ample experience, it is with perfect confidence that I offer my services to the farmers of Macon and adjoining counties as a successful and practical auctioneer of farm property. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Good reference given. Terms reasonable. Correspondence solicited. I will be at the hardware store of Fergus on & Dilleshunt on each Saturday. Call on or address

WM A. HOLMES,
P. O. Box 1295, Decatur, Ill.
Feb 8, 1885-wly*

JOHN P. PARKER,

Breeder and Shipper of

Pure Bred Poland-China Hogs.

All recorded in O. P. C. Record.

MAROA, MACON COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Feb. 20, 1884—wly*

THE FAIR

—OF—

WEAVER & LEWIS.

Immense Bargains from the Bankrupt "Famous."

We are now offering some BIG BARGAINS purchased from recent Bankrupt Houses:

Novelty Clothes Wringer, worth $5, now $2.98.
The Universal Wringer, sold by all at $4.50, now $2.98.
The Eureka Wringer, $2.48.
Two Dozen Best Clothes Pins, 5c.
Job Lot of House Brooms, 18c, 19c, 20c and 23c.
Extra large Tubs, 95c.
Small Tubs, 38c and 48c.
Lamp Chimneys, 5c, 6c and 8c.
Flour Sifters, 25c.
Bread Boards, 48c.
Skirt Boards, 68c.
Lap Boards, 75c.
Clothes Horses, 68c.
Bird Seed, 7c, or four for 25c
Willow Clothes Baskets, 65c.
Eighteen boxes Matches for 25c.
2,500 Toothpicks for 10c:
3 Boxes " for 25c.

Best Spring Prints. 5½c.
Fancy Handkerchiefs, only 5c
Goblets, 6c.
Tumblers, 5c.
Cups and Saucers, 45c.
Plates 3c, 4c, 5c, 6c, and 7c.
Lonsdale Cambric, 12½
All Standard Ginghams, 7½c.
Fifty cent Cashmere, in all late shades, down to 30c.
Corsets, 48c.
Chopping Bowls, 12c, 18c and 25c.
Splendid line of English Trimmings.
Immense stock of Hamburghs.
Just received from a bursted Tinware House, Coal Hods, Oil Cans, Buckets, Dish Pans, Bird Cages, Coffee Pots and Dinner Buckets, to be sold at a saving of 25c to 50c on the dollar.

THE FAIR,

159 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

Feb. 17-d2w2

G NEW H. 118 First Door N the st CO BARGA SOME Men's and Boys' Men's and Boys' Odd Pants from Overalls, 25 Cent Undershirts, 15 Drawers, 15 Cent White Laundried Blue Flannel Shi Work Shirts, 25 Winter Caps, 10 Winter Gloves, 2 Men's Fur Hats, Odd Coats and V Come All goods so NO. 11 SIGN— j15wtf. CAN BE CU ACENTS WAN Chan "C. The two FERGU

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GREAT
NEW YORK FIRE STORE

HAS BEEN REMOVED TO

118 Merchant Street,

First Door North of Freeman's Shoe Store, where the stock will be sold LESS THAN COST TO MANUFACTURE.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

SOME OF THE BARGAINS:

Men's and Boys' Overcoats from $2.00 up to the finest made.
Men's and Boys' Suits from $3.00 up to the finest made.
Odd Pants from 50 Cents up to the finest made.
Overalls, 25 Cents and upwards.
Undershirts, 15 Cents and upwards.
Drawers, 15 Cents and upwards.
White Laundried Shirts, 40 Cents and upwards.
Blue Flannel Shirts, 50 cents and upwards.
Work Shirts, 25 Cents and upwards.
Winter Caps, 10 Cents and upwards.
Winter Gloves, 25 Cents and upwards.
Men's Fur Hats, $1.00 and upwards.
Odd Coats and Vests cheaper than you ever saw them

Come at once or you will regret it All goods sold for CASH ONLY.

NO. 118 MERCHANT STREET.

SIGN—Great New York Fire Store.
j15wtf.

Neuralgia

CAN BE CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF OPIUM OR MORPHINE!

The *Medical Brief*, published at St. Louis, says in the June, 1884, issue: "Many have become victims to the use of opium or morphine, from the use of these drugs for the relief of Neuralgia. It is gratifying to observe that such dangerous consequences may be averted by the use of TONGALINE, which is almost a specific in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Used Tongaline in a case of Neuralgia of 12 or 15 years standing, which had resisted all treatment. This was six months since and the patient has enjoyed perfect freedom from her complaint." E. L. ROWE, M. D., Gentryville, Mo.

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia. To use my patient's own expression, 'It's the medicine for that disease.'" J. P. REIMER, Brighton, Ill.

"I consider Tongaline the best preparation for Neuralgia I have ever tried." C. V. DUVAL, M. D., Pineville, Mo.

Tongaline IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR "CONQUERING THE WILDERNESS"

or, "New Pictorial History of the Life and Times of the Pioneer Heroes and Heroines of America," by Col. Frank Triplett. Over 200 Superb Engravings. Covers the 3 Eras of pioneer progress (1) Alleghenies to the Mississippi; (2) Mississippi to the Rocky Mountains; (3) California and Pacific Slope. New. 160 Portraits, A picture gallery. A work of thrilling adventure in Forest, Plains, Mountains. Covers western progress. Outsells everything. 5 large editions called for in 7 months. 748 octavo pages. Price, $2.75. Send for terms, illustrated description, "Extracts from agents reports etc." N. D. THOMPSON & CO., Pubs., St. Louis, or N. Y. City.

Champion Monitor!

"GARLAND!"

The two Best Cook Stoves on Earth.

SOLD ONLY BY

FERGUSON & DILLEHUNT

GOV. HOADLY, who abandoned the Republican party to join the Democracy in 1876, and has obtained his reward in his election as Governor of Ohio, responding to the toast. "The Democracy of the Future," at a Democratic banquet Pittsburg, Pa., offered the following for the consolation of his political friends:

"Let us not be unduly concerned with the question who are to be Mr. Cleveland's ad isers, and who shall be inducted into office under him and them The vital question is of counsel, not counsellors. The face of the nation is to be fixedly set, and the steps resolutely taken toward a Democratic future. What matter, even though the personal hopes and the ambition of many among us be disappointed? We ask of Mr. Cleveland two things only. First, that those offices which directly or indirectly affect the course of public events shall be filled with Democrats; and, secondly, that the administration of public affairs, shall itself be Democratic. In this difficult task of leading the party in its management of public affairs, the Democratic party will extend to him a generous and hopeful confidence, and not waylay him with snappish and suspicious criticism, no matter how rapidly or how slowly he may change the business offices of the Nation."

IN the year 1867 Edward F. Crosby and Miss Adelaide Curtis, of Philadelphia, were at a picnic, and just for the fun of the thing were married by a young theological student. They were often together both before and after the joke. In the course of time Crosby's father died, leaving him heir to an unexpected fortune of $300,000. The young man traveled extensively, but always on his return made his first visit to the girl he had "married for fun," who, by the way called herself Mrs. Crosby. When the last steamer on which he had sailed for New York arrived, the lady was at the wharf to receive him, but on being told that he had died during the passage, and was buried at sea, she fainted. A few days later, she set up a claim as his wife for the property of which he was seized. She has secured eminent counsel to manage her case, and it is claimed she has a fair prospect of gaining it, against a nephew of his who is contesting her rights. Should she succeed it will likely give a boom to the hitherto contemned practice of "marrying for fun."

THE reports concerning the operation of the prohibitory liquor law in Iowa are in some respects conflicting and uncertain; but one fact stands out in such a way as to be beyond all contradiction, and that is that the St. John movement of last summer has done the temperance cause there as well as elsewhere a positive and considerable injury. It is not so much that prohibition has lost favor as that the general sentiment has been turned against temperance reform in the abstract by reason of the ingratitude and treachery of the prohibition leaders who helped to win success for a party that has always been the apologist and defender of the liquor traffic in every form.

IN his letter of acceptance Mr. Cleveland declared that the Presidential office is "essentially executive in its nature." If this is so, why is it that constant reference is made to Mr. Cleveland's policy on the silver question, and why is it that he is framing a Cabinet with reference to his policy, and why is it that the Democratic House refuses to pass any measures lest it should embarrass Mr. Cleveland's policy? If the Presidential office is simply executive in nature why should he have any policy at all? Why not wait and execute the decrees of Congress?

—A poet sings: "I've found my queen," but neglects to inform us how many he had before the draw.

I WILL offer to the Ladies of Decatur Special Inducements in my Millinery stock for the next 30 days. Call and see me. MRS. K. EINSTEIN,
feb17-d&wtf In Masonic Temple.

IN New Orleans, with an extended population of 230,000, there are seven white women to every six white men, and four female to three male negroes. This is the largest excess of female population of any city in the Union. Thus it seems that nine males die for every two females, and the death rate for the men is forty-six per 1,000 and for the women twenty one. If nothing occurs to disturb this proportion, in twenty years New Orleans will have two women for every man.

One half the world doesn't know how the other half lives; but in a fashionable society, this isn't because it hasn't tried its prettiest to find out.

THE publication of the Shelbyville *Herald* has been discontinued, and Mr. Earnest Eaton, its editor, has returned to Champaign. A lack of support is the cause of the suspension.

MRS. K. EINSTEIN will close out her stock of Hoop Skirts and Corsets at 50 cents on the dollar. feb17-d&wtf

HAVE used Tongaline in neuralgia of long standing. After taking Tongaline my patient has enjoyed perfect freedom from her complaint. Am led to believe that in some forms of neuralgia Tongaline is as nearly a specific as quinine in intermittent fevers.
Ed. J. Rowe, M. D., Gentryville, Mo.

—"Soudan" is an Arabic word meaning "Country of the Blacks."

—Seventy-eight women are studying medicine in the city of Paris.

—A steer was recently sold in Cincinnati weighing 4,250 pounds and standing six feet four inches high.

—The latest thing in photographs is to be taken "at home," surrounded by the household bric-a-brac.

—Old liberty bell was cracked in 1828, while ringing in honor of a visit of Henry Clay to Philadelphia.

An Offensive Breath

is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any pride, but to those with whom he comes in contact. It is a delicate matter to speak of it, but it has parted not only friends but lovers. Bad breath and catarrh are inseparable. Dr Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases as thousands can testify.

—A Bangor man has an order for 1,000 boxes of chewing gum from Minneapolis, Minn.

—An 83-year-old Nashua, N. H., woman has made 25 pairs of trousers this winter.

Mr. Editor:—Many of your readers may be benefitted by the knowledge of such an excellent remedy as Dr Jones' Red Clover Tonic, which produces the most favorable results in disorders of the liver, stomach and kidneys, and is a valuable remedy in dyspepsia; also debility arising from malaria or other causes. It is a perfect tonic, appetizer, blood purifier, and a sure cure for ague. Price 50 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J Stoner. 3

THE latest styles of shoes for gents at Busher's shoe store. Feb 17d&wtf.

THE local papers of Washington teem with advertisements of "windows to rent" for Inauguration day. Good windows in the second story are now rated at $50 each, and third story windows are offered at from $15 to $30.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
CHICAGO. - ST. LOUIS.

LIGHT HEALTHY BREAD

DR. PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS

The best dry hop yeast in the world. Bread raised by this yeast is light, white and wholesome like our grandmother's delicious bread.

GROCERS SELL THEM.
PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Man'f'rs of Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain deed of voluntary assignment, for the benefit of creditors executed by Wilbert Rufus Crossman to the undersigned as assignee and recorded at page 7 in Book 110 of Deed Records of Macon county and State of Illinois, and in pursuance of a decree of the county court of said Macon county, rendered at the November term thereof 1884 the undersigned, as such assignee, will, on the fifth Saturday in March, 1885 being the 7th day of said month between the hours of nine o'clock A M and the setting of the sun of said day, to-wit at the hour of 2 o'clock P M of said day, sell at the west entrance of the court house in said Macon county, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the west line of Elwood street and on the north line of Cox street in the Village of Forsythe, said point being nineteen and 28-100 chains east of a stone on the west line of section fourteen in township seventeen north range two, east of the third principal meridian, thence west nine and 7-100 chains thence north seven and 44-100 chains, thence east nine and 7-100 chains, thence south seven and 44-100 chains to the place of beginning, containing 7¾ acres. Also twenty acres off of the south end of the east half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-one, in township seventeen north range two east of the third principal meridian. Also, the undivided three-seventeenth interest in the east half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-one, township seventeen north range two east of the third principal meridian, except twenty acres off of the south end; all of said lands being in the county of Macon and state of Illinois. Said premises will be sold subject to the incumbrance shown in said deed of assignment, and deeds will be properly executed to the purchaser or purchasers thereof upon the approval of the sale by the county court of Macon count Illinois. ABDIAL T. RISLEY,
D C CORLEY, Assignee, &c.
Attorney for Assignee.
Feb. 12-w3w

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Decatur Tile Company held February 6, 1885, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the capital stock of the Decatur Tile Company be increased from 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, to 500 shares of one hundred dollars each. And the secretary of the company is hereby authorized to open Books of Subscription for the increased amount of said stock

L. L. HAWORTH,
J. G. SHEA,
PETER H. BRUECK,
Directors.
Feb 19-w3t

REDEMPTION NOTICE.

To J T Campbell, or whom it may concern:
You are hereby notified that at a sale of lands and town lots for state, county and special taxes made in pursuance of law, in the county of Macon and state of Illinois, on the 27th day of June A. D. 1883, for the taxes for the year 1882 I purchased the following described tract, to wit: Part of lot five, in east half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine, township sixteen, range three, east of the third principal meridian, taxed in the name of J. T Campbell and that the time of the redemption thereof from said sale will expire on the 27th day of June, A. D., 1885
Feb. 19-w3w M. P. MURPHEY.

TO BEE KEEPERS.

Hives, sections, foundations, smokers, Queens and Italian bees for sale
June-wtf S. A GASTMAN, Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Everybody to know that Bachman Bros. will buy or trade for your old style furniture in exchange for new. Call and see them. m17d-tf

WE WILL OFFER A
FINE LINE OF
OFFICE CLOCKS
—AND—
REGULATORS
Cheap for Spot Cash,

DURING THE

Remainder of February!

We have too many of this class of fine clocks, and would rather have MONEY in their place.

Respectfully,

Otto E. Curtis & Co.

We Have Made
Sweeping Reductions

IN ALL GRADES OF

Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Silverware and all Fancy Goods.

We have too many goods on hand, and if low prices will be an inducement to buyers, we are determined to dispose of them.

Do not buy one dollar's worth of goods in our line until you have seen our stock and prices.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,
Dec. 20—d&wtf JEWELERS.

Embroideries, White Goods.

We will put on sale Monday morning complete and full lines of new and choice selections at lower prices than ever known. Inspection solicited.

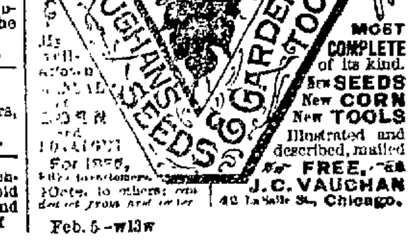
S. C. HATCH & BRO.,
Feb 7-d&wtf 143 East Main Street, Powers' Block.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM *Causes no Pain. Gives Relief at once. Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply into nostrils. Give it a Trial.*

50 cents at Druggists. 60 cents by mail registered. Send for circular. Sample by mail 10 cents. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.
Jan16eod&wly



MOST COMPLETE of its kind. New SEEDS New CORN New TOOLS Illustrated and described, mailed FREE.
J. C. VAUGHAN 42 LaSalle St., Chicago.
Feb. 5-w13w

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

ENTERED at the post office at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

A MONUMENT in memory of the 20,000 Iowa soldiers who died in the late war is to be erected at Des Moines on the grounds of the new Capitol.

REPORTS from the Illinois legislature are anxiously watched at Washington. Gen. Logan is very popular there, and his return to the senate is much desired.

IN the *United Irishman* of last week, O'Donovan Rossa's paper, is an offer of "$10,000 reward for the body of the Prince of Wales, dead or alive." The offer purports to be made by Shaun O'Neil, of Dublin.

IT is reported that Judge Thoman's account with the Civil Service Commission, of which he is the Democratic member, are "unsettled." Democratic civil service accounts appear to resemble Democratic civil-service opinions.

AFTER the Democrats had filibustered for two or three weeks, in order to gain time for the bringing of their members up to the point of voting for Haines for speaker, it looks pretty cheeky for the *Review* to hold up its hands in pious horror over the "revolutionary proceedings" of the Republicans yesterday.

ONE HUNDRED members of the Cook county Democratic Club have arranged to attend the inauguration. They will start from Chicago the afternoon of March 1, and go by the way of Philadelphia, where they will be joined by the Randall and Americus Clubs. They will be accompanied by a band of thirty pieces, and will start on the return trip the evening of the 5th.

THE condition of the Winter wheat crop in Illinois is said to be good, so far as an examination has been made under the snow by which it has been covered for several weeks. The severe cold weather has affected it less than would have been the case but for this protection. The acreage is reported at about 15 per cent. less than that of last year. The same general statement would apply to the Winter wheat crop throughout the Northwest.

THE Democrats may now possess their souls in patience. The electoral votes were opened yesterday by acting Vice-President Edmunds, in presence of the two houses of Congress, who announced that Grover Cleveland and Thomas A. Hendricks had been elected respectively President and Vice-President of the United States. There was no objection made to the counting of a single vote, the proceedings were only commonplace, and the Democratic heart was made glad without unnecessary delay.

THE secession doctrine that was supposed to have been effectually squelched by the war still occasionally asserts itself in the South. In order to acquit Jefferson Davis and his confreres of the charge of being traitors, the Charleston *News and Courier* distinctly enunciates the absurd proposition that "the moment that a State withdraws from the Union no citizen of that State can be guilty of treason against the United States" State sovereignty could not have been more clearly asserted even twenty-five years ago.

IN Washington excitement in regard to the Cabinet is a small affair compared to that in relation to the inauguration ball. The decorations for the ball are to cost $50,000. Tickets are $5, and suppers will be $1 each. It is stated that the usage of Washington and Jefferson at similar festivities will be restored, and that President Cleveland will stand on a dais during the opening ceremonies of the ball, the dais to have such a canopy of flowers as that which ex-Senator Tabor's marriage occurred a few years ago.

BLAINE works ten hours a day on his book, rising at 6 and doing the writing with his own hand. He would rather write than be President.—*Detroit Free Press.*

THE Latest Styles of Shoes for Gents, at W. F. Busher's. feb4-d&wtf

A YOUNG lady at Athens Ga., some time since retired to bed without blowing out the lamp, when her eye caught sight of a man's profile on the wall, hideous and menacing. Greatly alarmed she sprang from bed and rushed into the sitting room telling the family that a man was concealed in her room. The males of the family, armed with clubs, proceeded to the room. The image was still there A search under the bed and throughout the house, however, availed nothing. The mystery was unsolved, though it was noticed that the terrible apparition was seen only when the lamp was on the table. No one in the house slept much that night. At intervals for months the face would appear on the wall, nobody would occupy the room, and it was given up as haunted. A few nights ago a lady expressed a desire to sleep in the room and unravel the mystery if she could. She retired to bed, leaving the light ablaze and the human head clearly defined upon the wall. She decided that the reflection was cast by some object in the room, and scrutinized everything that came to view. She was about giving up in despair when her vision rested on the fireplace, where a cheerful wood blaze was burning. The fuel was upheld by a pair of old-fashioned andirons, their tops ornamented with the figure of a man's head, the exact counterpart of the shadow on the wall. The mystery was solved.

IT seems the mountaineers in the vicinity of Canton, Ga., are not as simple and lamb-like as their general appearance would indicate. Three well-dressed Boston bullies, who felt the force of coming from the city that nurtured the redoubtable Slugger Sullivan, recently met in the suburbs a pair of frousy-headed, shirt sleeved, mountain boys who shared a pair of suspenders between them and had a general air of moss grown simplicity. The dude dressed Bostonians thought this afforded them a good chance to exercise their muscle, and they made a most emphatic demand that the mountaineers dance before them in the dust or submit to a thrashing. The mountain boys were somewhat dazed at the dignity of the request, but regained their presence of mind quick enough to draw a couple of monster six shooters and decline Then they reciprocated the favor and demanded that the dudes dance The latter were loth to comply, but did so. Their dancing amused the boys so much that they were compelled to keep it up for five hours. They are probably very thankful that they are not dancing yet, and hereafter they will not attempt to judge of the quality of a man's nerve by the cut of his clothes.

THE Democratic House of Congress has thus far done practically nothing. Only sixteen working days of the session remain, and, including the appropriation bills, of which only one—the Military Academy bill—is ready for the Executive signature, there is a sufficient number of measures of great importance awaiting consideration to occupy the attention of Congress for several months at its ordinary rate of progress. But everything now points to the necessity of an extra session—just the thing Cleveland doesn't want.

JOHN KELLY did not call on Mr. Cleveland, but one of the most trusted braves was sent to say that only illness kept the big chief at home. "Please say to Mr. Kelly that I hope he will soon be around again. I regret very much to hear of his continued illness," was the message sent in return. Mr. Kelly is recovering. He takes a gallop in Central Park every fine day, and takes a great deal of rest. He is not allowed to see the daily papers nor to read his letters.

Read All

The advertisements in this paper, but when you want Gents' Underwear, Shirts, Cuffs, Collars, &c., come see us. We sell such goods at about the price most merchants pay for them. LINN & SCRUGGS. d18-d&wtf

—A school mistress at Yankee Springs, Mich., was dismissed because she would not eat fat pork. "Too much style," the people said.

Go to Spencer, Lehman & Co.'s for the Strowbridge Broadcast Seeder. Remember the place, in Palace Hotel Block. Feb. 12-w4w

—"Single spring beds, 10 cents a night, with a cup of coffee and a roll in the morning," is the latest effort of a Bowery cheap lodging house.

THE Moline and Strowbridge Broadcast Seeder, for sowing all kinds of small grain, at Spencer, Lehman & Co.'s, Nos. 157, 159 and 161 South Main street, Decatur, Ill. Feb 12-w4w

—Wolseley missed by a long way his Christmas dinner at Khartoum. But he need not despair—Christmases are coming.

Go to Spencer, Lehman & Co.'s for the Strowbridge Broadcast Seeder Remember the place in Palace Hotel Block. Feb. 12-w4

DON'T buy an Overcoat before you see B. Stine. dawtf

TRY and read Cheap Charley's advertisement. 7-dawtf

CHICAGO GOT IT.

The State Fair Goes to the Lake Town by a Vote of 10 to 7 Against Decatur.

From Friday's Daily.

The state fair location question was settled at Springfield last night by the State Board of Agriculture with 17 of the 22 members present. The attempt to adopt a resolution deciding to hold the fair of 1885-86 at some point in the central part of the state proved a failure, the vote being 9 to 8. Had such a resolution been adopted, then the contest for the location would have been between Decatur and Springfield: but the defeat of the resolution indicated the strength of Chicago, and when it came to a vote on selecting a place for holding the fair for two years, Chicago stepped in and took the prize, that city receiving 10 votes, and Decatur 7. Poor old Springfield didn't get a vote, but as she saw she couldn't get the fair, she threw her influence to Chicago, and we were left out in the cold. Chicago's "influence" was too much for Decatur. It is told that a majority of the members of the board will vote for Decatur two years hence; but that soapy promise is thin consolation just now. So long as Chicago fights for the state show, there will be no chance for Decatur or any other city centrally located. Decatur made a strong fight for the fair. Her citizens worked incessantly and successfully in raising the required amount of money—$15,000—and sent a solid bond to the state board. Senator Rogers and others have labored hard and faithfully at Springfield since Monday, presenting every point in favor of Decatur, but the Chicago combination was carried out as it had no doubt been planned months ago, and we got left.

But we die easy. Springfield made a big effort to get the fair. Her bond represented several millions, and her wire-pullers worked early and late. Result: Decatur, 7; Chicago, 10; Springfield, 0 There is a mountain of consolation in that lonely cypher.

THE SITUATION.

Mr. V. Barber was among the Decatur boomers at Springfield. He is of the opinion from what he could learn that arrangements to locate the fair at Chicago for a period of four years were substantially agreed upon by a majority of the state board in 1881. Leading manufacturers had then promised that they would put up large buildings on the grounds if Chicago would guarantee the state fair at that point for four years. They put up the buildings, and so Chicago got the fair. The vote on the relocation yesterday was simply a matter of form, complying with the law. There was only one man in the board from Chicago that did any talking, and he presented another matter. He and the Peoria man simply talked to kill time, so that an absent member on a delayed train could arrive and cast his vote for Chicago. Those voting in favor of Decatur were B. F. Funk, of Bloomington; Judge Washburne, of Vandalia; E. E. Chester, of Champaign; Joseph Skettington, of Albion; David Gore, of Carlinville D. B. Gillen, of Upper Alton, and P. Pullen, of Centreville. The Chicago, Peoria and other northern members voted for Chicago.

Ex-Senator Moffett is of the opinion that the pins are already set to give Peoria the fair four years after 1886. These towns with their influence can keep the show up north indefinitely. Will they do it?

Caught by Chicago.

The Springfield *Journal* printed the following mournful howl with reference to the state fair matter:

The State Board of Agriculture met yesterday, with seventeen members present The principal business of importance transacted was the location of the state fair for the next two years. A resolution was offered locating the fair in the southeastern portion of the state, and it came very near being carried, for it was lost by a vote of 8 to 9. The question then narrowed down to a choice between Chicago and Decatur, for Peoria and Springfield hadn't a ghost of a show. Chicago was chosen by a vote of 10 against 7 for Decatur. Some of the members from southern Illinois who voted for Chicago stated that they did so because it costs the people of southern Illinois less to send their exhibits to Chicago than to Decatur, Peoria or Springfield, so it is evident that the unjust freight discrimination even affects the location of the state fair. Springfield did all that could be expected to be made the choice, but it is evident that nothing favoring Central Illinois can be expected from the present Board. They prefer to make the state fair a side show to the Chicago exposition, even though they do so at a decided financial loss.

Don't Look Like a Wreck.

"When a man is going down hill everybody is ready to give him a kick." Yes, that is so. It is sad, but natural. Why, many a man and woman, seeking employment, would have got it if their hair had not been so thin and gray. One bottle of Parker's Hair Balsam is then the best investment. It stops falling hair, promotes new growth and restores color. Clean, highly perfumed, not a die. A great improvement over any similar preparation, and sold at the low price of 50c. feb2-deod&w4w

—It costs the government $89,000 a year to maintain the White House, exclusive of the President's salary.

THE Moline and Strowbridge Broadcast Seeder, for sowing all kinds of small grain, at Spencer, Lehman & Co's, Nos. 157, 159 and 161 South Main street, Decatur, Ill. feb 12-w4

—A man is, in general, better pleased when he has a good dinner upon his table than when his wife talks Greek.

CALL at Spencer, Lehman & Co.'s, Palace Hotel Block, for the Deere Broadcast Seeder. Feb 12-w4w

THE New York *Graphic*, a Democratic newspaper, confirms the statements heretofore made that the Burchard alliteration of "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion" was the result of a deliberate conspiracy between himself and some members of the National Democratic Committee to help defeat Mr. Blaine. Upon the authority of a gentleman who knows what he is talking about the *Graphic* says:

At the time the Rev. Dr. Burchard was making his address it was already in type in a certain down-town printing office, the forms were locked up, and all that was needed to start the presses running off the campaign document that settled the fate of the Man from Maine was word from the authorized representative of the National Democratic Committee, who was present at the Blaine reception simply to make sure that there was no miscarriage in the delivery of the three words The instant they were uttered this representative flew to a telegraph operator already awaiting his coming, the signal to "go ahead" was flashed down town, and within five minutes from the time Dr. Burchard had relieved himself of the trio of R's, his address was being run off on lightning presses to catch the trains in all directions.

The representative of the Democratic committee who was present at the reception was the private secretary of Gorman. He took down the address shorthand and returned to his principal and read it to him. When he came to the alliteration, Gorman stopped him and ordered him to incorporate it in a dispatch. He did so, and it was placed on the wires at once and sent all over the United States. When the matter was discussed in the Republican committee it was suggested that perhaps Burchard had said Mormonism or meant to say Mormonism, inasmuch as Romanism was totally irrelevant to the campaign and the Republican platform contained severe strictures on Mormonism. A messenger was sent to interview Burchard on this point. He insisted that he had said Romanism and meant to say it, whatever influence it might have in defeating Blaine, and, further, he would not explain his motives. The secret motive unquestionably was a prior understanding between himself and Gorman and Barnum. By such a scurvy trick Cleveland was helped into the Presidency.

The Enterprise

Is made of the best fine calfskin, Kangaroo Top, and seamless. Is as comfortable as a gent's hand-sewed shoe can be made. Superior to any $7 shoe for style and durability. Price $5

d&w L. L. FERRISS & Co.

—Miss Rebecca Thomas, of Middleboro, Vt., was born in the first hour of the nineteenth century.

L. L. FERRISS has been in the shoe business in Decatur over 20 years. L. L. Ferriss & Co. turn their stock or sell it five times over in a year. That's why they are leaders in low prices and good goods Quick sales and small profits their motto. d&wtf

—Cyclone pits are becoming fashionable adjuncts to many western dwelling houses.

Attention, Farmers!

When you want hard or soft coal it will be to your interest to call at my yard, next to Shellabarger's mill, on Water St.

GEO. W. EHRHART.

Dec. 25-wtf

—The women in the Turkish harems rarely venture out of doors and play with pet animals as the little girls do in the country with their dolls.

CARTER'S Little Liver Pills will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. To be had of all druggists. See advertisement. 4-w1m

—It is asserted that land and cattle enterprises have not seen a single retrograde movement during the past two years.

A NEW line of Boys' and Children's Overcoats at B. Stine's. dawtf

—An exchange says ordinary bones are worth as much per ton as pig iron, and a ton of the best bones are worth four times as much.

IMPORTED gent's Underwear, the finest in the market at B. Stine's. dawtf

—It is said that the average yield of petroleum in Cancassia is sixteen times as great as that of American wells.

CHARLEY BRYAN would be pleased to have his friends call and see him at John Irwin's White Front. 6-d&wtf

A Card from Dr. Walston, Decatur, Ill.

It is generally known to the public that I am now, and have been for many years, devoting myself exclusively to the treatment of ALL CHRONIC DISEASES; but I now wish to say particularly that I CURE RUPTURES by a process entirely new and simple, which does away forever with TRUSSES. NO KNIFE, NO DANGER; CURES GUARANTEED.

I cure PILES and FISTULA without the knife, pain or danger. Strictures, Hydrocele, Varicocele, and diseases of the KIDNEYS and BLADDER, are treated and cured by the latest and most approved methods.

IN ALL PRIVATE DISEASES I have a wide experience and unsurpassed success.

Diseases of the JOINTS and BONES, OLD SORES, TUMORS, CANCERS, SCROFULA, SPINAL CURVATURE, HIP-JOINT DISEASE, HARE-LIP, CLEFT PALATE, and all diseases of the THROAT, LUNGS and HEART are treated by those improved methods for which the last ten years are famous.

I straighten CROSSED EYES, OPERATE FOR CATARACT, remove obstruction to TEAR DUCTS, and treat successfully all curable diseases of the EYE and EAR.

I am especially prepared in my Infirmary for the treatment and cure of all diseases of women.

If you have ANY CHRONIC DISEASE whatever, come or send for circular.

R. L. WALSTON, M. D.,
Decatur, Ill.

Competition Baffled!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

Of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing has been

MARKED DOWN!

—FROM—

15 TO 20 PER CENT!

Our reasons for doing so are as follows:

1st. To bring our superior line of Clothing within the reach of the trade, who were in the habit of buying cheap, shoddy goods heretofore.

2d. The desire of reducing our stock.

3d. The imperative necessity of conforming with the times by reducing prices to conform with farm and mechanical productions.

In order to convince you of the truth of our statement, especially as to our mark-down, we would request you to see our competitors, learn their prices, and your judgment will be in favor of

B. STINE,

The Boss Clothier AND Dealer in Gent's Furnishings,

DECATUR, ILL.

Feb. 12—w1f.

OUR

Great Clearing SALE

WILL BEGIN at ONCE.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS

In Silk, Cloth and Plush

CLOAKS.

SPECIAL REDUCTION

—IN—

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Notions, Underwear, Flannels, Blankets, Yarns, Hoods, Nubias, and every description of Winter Goods.

REMNANTS

—OF—

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS,

Varying in lengths from one yard to quantities suitable for small rooms, at very low prices.

We shall add to our stock New, Fresh Goods every day, adapted to the wants of the present and coming season.

Our trade has NEVER been better than for the last 12 months, notwithstanding the general depression in business throughout the entire country. And this extraordinary result can be traced to the fact that our stock is LARGE, varied, well assorted, and complete in all appointments; that we sell goods cheap, and that THE PEOPLE KNOW IT!

LINN & SCRUGGS.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

LET ME

WHISPER IN YOUR EAR

That Fred. Norman, the Barber, is selling Star and Horseshoe Tobacco at 50 cents per pound, and tickets to the grand donation thrown in the bargain.

NORMAN'S 10-CHAIR BARBER SHOP,

One Door East of Postoffice, DECATUR, ILLS

Jan. 21, 1885—wtf

NO MORE SWINDLE

IN DECATUR.

No more goods fraudulently represented as having been damaged by fire, can be sold in Decatur!

"A Burnt Child Dreads the Fire!"

The good people of Decatur have had a lesson taught them and will hereafter only buy from the legitimate trade.

ON THE TOP OF

—THE—

CLOTHING TRADE STANDS

CHEAP CHARLEY,

Cor. Old Square and Merchant St.,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Great Clearance Sale

—OF OUR—

ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS

For the next 30 days we will give you Lower Prices on all and any goods in our house

Than Ever Before Offered.

Great Inducements in Cloaks.
Splendid Bargains in Shawls.
Ladies', Children's and Men's Underwear at ¼ off regular prices.
Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Corsets, Gloves, Ladies' and Child's Hosiery, full stock, and at great reduction.

ALL FOR CASH.

Do not fail to notice our prices.

F. L. HAYS & CO.

AGENTS BAZAR PATTERNS.

Dec. 29, 1884—d&wtf

GROOMING HORSES.

As a Rule Horses Suffer More From Lack of Grooming Than Lack of Food.

The skin of the horse, like that of other animals, not only affords protection to the parts within, but, by the pores, affords an outlet to a large part of the waste of the body in the form of sweat. In outdoor life—the natural state of the horse—this membrane becomes thickened and tough, capable of resisting changes of temperature; and by continual exercise the pores are kept open, giving free exit to all of the exhalations. But this alone will not give the smooth, glossy coat which adds so much to the animal's beauty. Confining the horse to the stable, as is generally done for at least a large part of the year, renders his skin tender, especially when he is warmly blanketed. Expose him now to a great change of temperature; take him out and drive him until heated; return him to the stable, and let him stand uncared for over night, or even for an hour; the skin is rapidly chilled by the evaporation of the sweat; the pores suddenly close; and often a cold, rheumatic stiffness, or some other disorder, results. Proper grooming prevents this by toughening the skin, keeping it in healthy action, equalizing the circulation; removing obstructions from the pores, and, what is of more importance, by rousing the action of the muscles at the surface, which compensates for the want of exercise consequent upon stable life.

Currying and brushing should not be done in the stable; the dust and scurf will be scattered in the manger to mix with the food, besides keeping the stable uncleanly. The animal should be taken out into the lot, securely tied and handled so gently that he will enjoy rather than fear the application of the currycomb. A sharp-toothed comb roughly scraped over the tender skin is anything but pleasant, as the shrinking, resisting animal will soon show. This instrument should be lightly applied and dependence placed mainly upon the brush. Currying should be begun at the head and the comb passed lightly up and down until all the dandruff is loosened, when it should be removed with the brush. Much particularity should be observed around the edges of the fore-top and the mane. It is always a good plan to sponge off the head and ears, using but little water and smoothing the hair down to its natural position. In going over the back, quarters, loins, etc., the comb should be used in one hand and the brush in the other, and the work quickly done. Great care should always be observed where the skin lies in folds, as at the union of the legs with the body; but every part should be thoroughly freed from dust and dandruff. It must never be overlooked that grooming is to a horse what bathing is to a person; and in order to clean his skin it must be carefully and thoroughly done.

A well groomed horse will keep fat on less food than one that is neglected, because he will be in better health and his food will be more thoroughly assimilated. As a rule horses suffer from lack of grooming more than from lack of food.—*South and West.*

WOMEN AS NURSES.

What an Eminent and Well-Known Physician Says on the Subject.

What is there in the hour of anguish like the gentle presence, the quiet voice, the thoroughly trained and skillful hand of the woman who was meant by nature and has been taught by careful discipline to render those services which money tries to reward, but only gratitude can repay? I have always felt that this was rather the vocation of women than general medical, and especially surgical practice. Yet I myself followed a course of lectures given by the younger Madame Lachapelle in Paris, and if here and there an intrepid woman insists on taking by storm the fortress of medical education, I would have the gate flung open to her as if it were that of the Citadel of Orleans, and she was Joan of Arc returning from the field of victory. I have often wished that disease could be hunted by its professional antagonist in couples, a doctor and a doctor's quick-witted wife making a joint visit and attacking the patient—I mean the patient's malady, of course—with their united capacities. For I am quite sure that there is a natural clairvoyance in a woman which would make her as much the superior of man in some particulars of diagnosis as she certainly is in distinguishing shades of color. Many a suicide would have been prevented if the doctor's wife had visited the day before it happened. She would have seen in the merchant's face his impending bankruptcy, while her stupid husband was prescribing for dyspepsia and indorsing his note she would recognize the lovelorn maiden by an ill-adjusted ribbon, a line in the features, a droop in the attitude, a tone in the voice, which mean nothing to him, and so the brook must be dragged to-morrow. The dual arrangement of which I have spoken is, I suppose, impracticable, but a woman's advice, I suspect, often determines her husband's prescriptions. Instead of a certain lecture on his own feelings he gets a clinical lecture on the puzzling case, it may be of a neighbor suffering from the complaint known to village nosology as a "complication of diseases," which her keen eye can see into as much better than his as they would through the eye of a small-sized needle. She will find the right end of a case to get hold of, and take the snarl out as she would out of a skein of thread or a ball of worsted which he would speedily have reduced to a hopeless tangle.—*Dr. O. W. Holmes, at Harvard College.*

—Belaney Sayon, a native of Zululand and a student at the Hampton (Va.) Normal School, is dead. He was twenty-four years old, and was brought to this country by Barnum, the showman, with whom he traveled for a while. He had been at the school more than two years, and was making excellent progress. He died of consumption.

—Sitting Bull has been photographed in forty styles.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—Hot slaw garnished with fried oysters is an entree of excellence, and cold slaw garnished with pickled oysters is almost as nice.

—A large manure pile is the beginning of a golden harvest. Prepare a compost heap and a heap of compost.—*Chicago Times.*

—A Connecticut farmer, who applied fifty bushels of leached ashes to a low meadow, sowed on more seed and brushed it in, says the extra hay thus secured in the next crop paid all expenses, and he "expects to see the effects of the ashes for ten years."

—An Illinois farmer gives his hogs red pepper tea on their showing symptoms of cholera, and claims that this has always proved an effectual cure, and that he has never lost a porker so treated, while his neighbors have suffered seriously.—*Chicago Tribune.*

—To kill the lime on walls that are to be papered, a coating of glue must be given. To make this, break up a pound of glue; put it in two gallons of water for twenty-four hours until it is melted; put it on hot and give two coats. Then put on the paper in the usual way with rye-flour paste.—*The Household.*

—Every farmer should have a pair of tackles for elevating heavy weights at butchering time and on other occasions. It is very convenient to have in one's barn a windlass for using when a beef has to be butchered. With one of these a man will easily raise up a cow or steer weighing ten or twelve hundred weight.—*N. Y. Herald.*

—Remember, in caring for your sheep this winter, that wet weather is much harder on them than cold; and especially if it turns cold on them after the rain, and their wet wool freezes on them. This leads to lung troubles and to catarrh among the flocks, which very often greatly injures them. The best plan is to keep the sheep dry during winter weather.—*Boston Globe.*

—A good way to roast spareribs is to crack the bones in the middle, fold over and staff with regular turkey dressing; sew it up with a stout thread, put into the dripping pan and put in a coffee cup of water; sprinkle pepper and salt over the meat, and let it cook until tender and brown. Turn it so that each side will be equally brown.—*Cincinnati Times.*

—An Illinois correspondent of the *Rural New Yorker* reports successful experience with sweet apples as stock feed, which he supplies freely to all his animals, in the absence of a better market: "I have been feeding them two months or more, and find cattle gain faster than on corn. Milch cows are doing finely, making nearly double the quantity of butter they did before we commenced feeding the apples. A bushel and a half is all a cow will eat per day, on an average, keeping it up day after day.

FARMING AS A BUSINESS

Mistakes Made Needlessly Which Swallow Up Profits.

It is not every farmer who conducts his farm on business principles. The majority of them keep no accounts, place no value upon the capital invested and make no comparisons at the end of the seasons with a view of discovering the true state of affairs from a business point of view. As a rule, when one comes in possession of a farm it is used as a source of production, but that spirit of rivalry, and enterprise noticeable with those who invest in other directions is lacking, and in that respect the farmer is behind the age, for unless he learns to value time, labor, capital and products he will always be at sea and unable to arrive at definite conclusions or results. Business men are very careful how they invest. They do nothing blindly, but carefully calculate the cost of each venture, and endeavor to solve the results or the future in advance. They do not pursue the same channels in every case, but willingly drop those enterprises that are unprofitable in order to give preference to those that seem more assuring. Every item of their undertakings is carefully noted, and a strict and accurate system of book-keeping enables them to avoid loss and reap profits.

The farmer, on the contrary, does not farm in a business manner. His crops, as a rule, are routine without regard to prospective loss or gain. He keeps no books, but balances his accounts by the amount left over from all his expenses at the end of the year. He may be able to know that a flock of sheep or a crop of wheat has been profitable; but he can not tell where he made mistakes or availed himself of favorable opportunities. The relative cost as to proportion of food, loss of available matter from the soil, expense for labor and teams, and many other important items, can not be computed, while the actual amount of capital invested, with dividend and interest therefrom, is seldom taken into account at all.

We do not wish to claim that all farmers are thus negligent of true business matters. There are some who act on the contrary, and who have contributed not a little to the advancement of a better system of management among farmers; but, as a class, the farmers are not, as methodical in their transactions and business managements on the farm as they should be, and until they rectify this neglgence they will always labor in the dark, and fail to discern the prospects of the succeeding year, both in regard to the prices of the commodities they produce and the cost of the same. A farm represents a certain amount of capital, and should produce more than the interest alone, for the farmer is just as much entitled to a dividend on his farm operations as is the business man who manufactures wares or ventures in trade. But in order to emulate business enterprise the farmer must learn to know that his operation of the farm is business, and the same caution, care and system, so necessary in the one case, is as important in the other, for without such no enterprise can succeed, no matter how admirably conducted otherwise. We trust that many farmers will make a change in their methods and keep strict business accounts.—*Farm, Field and Fireside.*

WINTER-FED PIGS.

They May Easily Be Made a Source of Profit, With Proper Management.

A correspondent asks if it would be profitable, as a system, to have pigs farrowed in September, and feed them through the winter for sale in May or June. That, since breeding sows may have two litters per year, yet as they can not have the litters without requiring one to be fed through the winter, whether the extra cost of feeding in winter is so great as to render it unprofitable to raise a second litter, even though they are fed in the open air.

This question is certainly very appropriate for pig-feeders to consider, and our correspondent presents it in such form as to require the worst practice to be considered in deciding the question.

Very few farmers are aware of the consumption of food required to keep pigs warm in very cold weather. But this is the very point that must be understood in the decision of the above question. Perhaps as reliable an experiment on a large scale as can be found is that mentioned by Joseph Sullivant in a pamphlet which he wrote upon pig-feeding. A large lot of hogs at Duncan's Falls, Ohio, were turned into a forty acre corn-field on the 10th day of September, 1869. They were carefully weighed when put in, and having remained in the field till the 23d of October, they were weighed again, and found to have gained sixteen thousand pounds, or ten pounds per bushel of corn, supposing the field to have yielded forty bushels per acre. One hundred hogs were then selected from the lot, weighing two hundred pounds per head, and placed in large covered pens, with plank floors and troughs, and fed upon cob-meal, well cooked. At the end of a week they were weighed, and found to have gained twenty pounds for each bushel of seventy pounds of meal fed, the weather being warm.

The first week in November being much cooler, they gained only fifteen pounds per bushel of cooked cob-meal. The next week in November (being still colder) they gained only ten pounds per bushel, and the next week (being yet still colder) gained only six and a quarter pounds. This lot was then sold, and another lot of one hundred was selected and fed in December. The temperature being about the same as the last in November, they gained six and a quarter pounds per bushel. This lot being weighed again, middle of January, the cold being at zero, they gained only one and a quarter pounds to the bushel, and another week simply held their own weight, without any gain, the thermometer being ten degrees below zero.

This was in covered pens, but not warm, showing the remarkable effect of temperature upon the gain of the hog. These experiments are much more reliable than if tried with a small number of pigs. Individual errors are neutralized in large numbers.

If we take this as an illustration of the loss of food from winter temperature, (and it may well be considered as a mild illustration of the effect of feeding in the open air through the winter, as these hogs were well sheltered and only subjected to the low temperature) then we find that from one-half to the whole ration is required to make up for the lower temperature of winter. In the coldest weather the best ration is entirely expended to keep the pigs warm. It has been often reported by the best cattle-feeders, that cattle can not be made to gain in weight in the open air, in the coldest weather. We know also, that pigs, of the same weight, will consume one-third more food in winter than in summer. From this view it is plain that as much food is wasted in keeping the pigs warm, in the open air in winter, as it requires to fatten them in summer. This would make the winter-fed litter cost fifty per cent. more per hundred pounds than the summer-fed litter. If then a summer-fed litter would afford a profit at four cents live weight, a winter-fed litter must sell at six cents to pay the same profit.

This moderate statement does seem to rule out the fall litter, to be fed through the winter in the open air, as unprofitable. But, notwithstanding all this show of facts, pig-feeders will go right on feeding pigs in the open air during winter, without a suspicion of their error or loss. And the reform of this class is well-nigh hopeless, for they do not "fool away their money" on stock papers, and consequently their attention is not even called to the subject. But there is now a large class of farmers who believe there is much to be learned about their business in all departments, and they are ever ready to consider what promises improvements. It is a pleasure to make suggestions to such, and for these we write.

These will see at once, not that the fall litter of pigs should be omitted, on account of the facts given, but that the programme must be changed, and the pigs put into a warm, well ventilated pen, where the temperature will be nearly as mild as summer, and where the pigs will eat and grow as rapidly and cheaply as in summer. They will find no difficulty in protecting their pigs from the cold of winter, and will have the advantage of having pigs to sell at the various seasons of the year, and be able to get the advantage of the best market.—*National Live-Stock Journal.*

—A correspondent of the Elmira Club reports these results of experience in potato culture: "I find that where whole potatoes were planted the yield was finer and much more in quantity. Where the roots were disturbed by the cultivator it was injurious in the yield, as I tried it in various places on eight acres. Where the fertilizers were used the bugs did not touch the tops as much by half as where none were used. The cause, I think, is some elements are taken up by the plant that they do not like."

—A package of glass globes of the value of $15 was received at Portland, Ore., by express recently from the East, the express charges on which amounted to over $60.—*Chicago Herald.*

Boston Letter.

MR. EDITOR:—Thinking that a letter from this world-renowned city of culture might be of interest to a number of your readers, I shall endeavor to give you a few points of interest which have met my eyes and ears during the few months of which I have been a resident of the "Bay State."

It is difficult for a person to form a correct idea of Massachusetts without visiting it, and even then a hasty tour, though interesting and instructive, is apt to be misleading in many particulars, unless accompanied with the most diligent inquiry. There is a picturesque mingling of hills and valleys, forests and rocks which are ever ready to interest the intelligent observer. The Blue Hills (which are appropriately named) are the nearest elevation to the coast, and are conspicuous to a visitor upon coming to Boston. The soil, except in some of the valleys, is very sandy, and not naturally fertile. High cultivation, however, has produced valuable market gardens about Boston and the larger towns.

The presence of such a dense population causes this state to almost have the appearance of one large city. Boston, as the centre—intellectually, socially, politically and commercially—of the best educated and most intelligent state in the Union, is pre-eminent throughout the republic in literature and science. The supposed conceit of its citizens over their own distinctive qualities or advantages has led to some pleasant banter from at home and abroad in characterizing the city as the "Athens of America" or the "Hub of the Universe." The population of Boston in 1875 was nearly 300,000 and the valuation of the city $793,755,050. There are issued 50 periodicals, 9 of which are dailies. Of churches and places of worship in Boston there are 163 for Protestants, 26 for Roman Catholics, and 3 Jewish synagogues.

Boston is fully alive with the varied activities of the season. Not only in the line of commerce is this the case, but in politics, æsthetics, general and special education, morals and religion as well. The various institutions of learning located in and about Boston are largely patronized. Harvard, with its magnificent endowment and distinguished scholarship, still attracts large numbers of those seeking the higher scholastic attainments. The Boston Conservatory of Music is too well known to need any reference. It offers opportunities in music superior to any other school in the Union. The Museum of Fine Arts, not so widely known abroad, is no less distinguished at home. Among these the Boston University ranks high. With an able corps of instructors, wisely directed by President Warren, sustained by a determined council and indorsed by a great Church, it must succeed.

Boston is noted for its intellectual opportunities. During the past five months immense throngs have gathered in Tremont Temple every week to listen to distinguished persons of Europe and America. Among the number was Rev. Dr. Newman Hall, of London, who preached several powerful sermons in Boston. He proved to be a fluent and graceful orator, appealing to the good sense rather than to the profundity of his hearers, and attempted nothing flighty, odd or dramatic. Principal Fairbairn, of Bradford, England, lectured before the evangelical alliance on Methods of Apologetic Work. It was a profound address, worthy in every respect of the man and the theme. The untiring and uncompromising advocate of temperance, John B. Gough lectured at Tremont Temple, on Oratory and Orators." Notwithstanding it was his two hundredth appearance before a Boston audience, the capacious temple was filled with a select and representative assembly.

Joseph Cook recently returned from a lecture tour of some $15,000 miles, extending from Hudson River to the mouth of the Columbia, and from Puget Sound to the Gulf of Mexico and from New Orleans to Boston. He has accumulated a great mass of material for use in the Boston Monday Lectures, which began Feb. 2. This is his tenth year in Boston, and still his lectures are attended by multitudes of people. The topic of the prelude of his opening lecture was, "Face to Face with Mormonism." The Mormon country, said Mr. Cook, is over 1,100 miles broad, and the advancing threads of its growth are crossing Montana, Idaho, Arizona and New Mexico, with roots ramifying in all directions about Salt Lake City. He has traveled all through as well as around the cancer, and the rim was as interesting as the core. If allowed to grow for twenty years Mormonism will hold the political power in every state west of the Rocky Mountains, except Oregon and California. The indifference of the people in the East, said the speaker, is a matter of wonder in the West. We in the East think of Mormonism as a mosquito on the finger tip, but if this torpidity continues we shall be ruled from Congress by a delegation at the beck of the Mormon priesthood. As remedies Mr. Cook proposed that the Territory should be governed by a territorial commission, or the power of the Edmunds commissioners increased. A national constitutional amendment should prohibit polygamy, and a National divorce law should enable us to push the work with clean hands. Mr Cook's lecture proper was on "Revelation," which was handled in a masterly manner, proving conclusively that the Bible is of divine authenticity, and that Christ was a revelation of God in man.

Yours Truly, MARY STOOKEY BANDLE.

A Great Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Iowa, says: "My wife has been seriously afflicted with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years."

Trial Bottles free at Swearingen & Hubbard's Drug Store. Large size $1.00. a6

—"La Flamberge" is the name of a club now being organized by twenty Parisian duelists, whose members must all have fought at least one duel.

We Suggest

For the benefit of those who have no time to think, that a half-dozen HERCULES SHIRTS would make such a present as no gentleman would fail to appreciate.

d18-d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

—British consumers, according to the estimate of the *London Economist*, have saved $20,000,000 by the fall in the price of sugar last year.

THE finest Gents' $3.00 Calf—Button, Lace or Congress, at Busher's. feb4-dawtf

—During the recent run on the New Haven Savings Bank a servant girl drew out her entire savings for two years and invested them in a sealskin sacque.

THE largest stock of Children's Clothing in the city at B. Stine's. dawtf

—In the tropics of the old world the annual rainfall is about seventy-seven inches, while in tropical South America it is 115 inches.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

Dec. 11, '84-dawly

ACHES! PAINS!

"I ache all over!" What a common expression; and how much it means to many a poor sufferer! These aches have a cause, and more frequently than is generally suspected, the cause is the Liver or Kidneys. No disease is more painful or serious than these, and no remedy is so prompt and effective as

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

No remedy has yet been discovered that is so effective in all KIDNEY AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, MALARIA, DYSPEPSIA, etc., and yet it is simple and harmless. Science and medical skill have combined with wonderful success those herbs which nature has provided for the cure of disease. It strengthens and invigorates the whole system.

Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, the distinguished Congressman, once wrote to a fellow member who was suffering from indigestion and kidney disease, "Try Mishler's Herb Bitters, I believe it will cure you. I have used it for both indigestion and affection of the kidneys, and it is the most wonderful combination of medicinal herbs I ever saw."

MISHLER HERB BITTERS CO.
525 Commerce St., Philadelphia.

Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

QUALITY — PURITY — QUANTITY — NOT QUANTITY — On Every Bottle — Trade Mark

— THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

JAMES PYLE'S

PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR

Washing and Bleaching

In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor, should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations such designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of

JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

Jan. 1884—daw eow

P. PERL

EMBALMER

—AND—

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

140, 142, 144 and 146, South Main St.

☞ Telephone 53.

May27,1883-dtf

IMPORTED gent's Underwear, the finest in the market at B. Stine's. dawtf

THE CARNIVAL.

New Orleans Ablaze With the Glory of the Mardi Gras Pageants.

Scott's "Ivanhoe" the Subject of One of the Most Gorgeous Displays Ever Given by Rex.

The Annual Pageant of the "Krewe of Momus"—One Hundred Thousand Spectators.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., February 18.—Rex chose for his subject yesterday Scott's romance "Ivanhoe." The pageant showed that Rex had not only read the immortal work closely, but was a student of the history of the epoch in which the romance is laid. The Monarch himself, in honor of the World's Exposition, came as the King of Industries. There were twenty gorgeously decked tableau cars, emblematical of the principal scenes and incidents of "Ivanhoe." The procession in its entry was one of the finest ever given by Rex, whose day parades are more critically examined than those of his brother monarchs, the broad glare of day not permitting the use of flimsy material.

Following Rex came burlesque representations by some of the minor mystic societies, who were in turn followed by promiscuous maskers. Last night occurred the annual pageant of "The Krewe of Momus." One hundred thousand people, one-third of whom were strangers, lined the streets. The Krewe had selected frazile material out of which however, they built solidly. Momus is nothing if not classical, but former pageants have convinced him that popular subjects are the most successful. Mythology, history and the arts and sciences have been beautifully presented in former years; but the scenes of fairy land produce the best and most lasting impression. This departure from time-honored canopies and colonades was welcomed by those used to carnival pageants to whom they have become somewhat monotonous. The scenic effects in all the tableaux, eighteen in number were superb, the clouds seeming to float in the air and the crescent moon to be suspended without support. The tableaux of colossal grasses and flowers were novel, graceful, and picturesque, while the grottoes, caves, pearly gates, water effects, etc., were the finest ever seen here.

The "God of Mirth" selected for his subject this year

THE LEGENDS BEAUTIFUL.

Sweet is the love that nature brings,
Our meddling intellect
Misshapes the beauteous forms of things,
We murder to dissect.

Enough of science and of art;
Close up these barren leaves,
Come forth, and bring with you a heart
That watches and receives.

—*Wordsworth.*

As the heralds came down the street the thousands lining the sidewalks and balconies craned their necks, and a unanimous shout went "Here he comes." The street was soon a blaze of light, the air vibrating with the music of dozens of bands and shouts and cheers as the cars came into view and passed over the scheduled route.

After the parade came the grand ball of Momus at the French Opera-house.

NO VISIBLE MEANS.

A Much Respected Citizen Dies, Leaving His Accounts in Bad Shape.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The accounts of Judge Henry Vourhis, of Bergen County, New York, who died about two weeks ago, were found to be in an involved condition. He was a man well known, and had the reputation of being thoroughly honest and extremely pious. His financial condition was reputed sound, and he was custodian of large sums of money belonging to his neighbors, beside being the executor of several estates. It has been found that he made no a counts of moneys intrusted to his care, and there is no trace of his disposition of the funds. Several of his neighbors deposited money with him for which they received no acknowledgment, so thoroughly did they believe in his honesty, and there can be found no evidence of its whereabouts. He was Treasurer of the cemetery fund, and for thirty-five years Secretary of the Bergen County Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company, which position he held at the time of his death. To both of these institutions he is largely indebted; the insurance company being compelled by his deficiencies to wind up its affairs.

Upon opening his safe his sons were astonished at the absence of papers to show what disposition had been made of the funds unaccounted for. The affair has created a profound sensation in Bergen County. Judge Voorhis' methodical habits and plain manner of living inspired the confidence of all who knew him, and his friends can not account for the absence of memoranda of various sums intrusted to him.

Base Ball Matters.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The joint meeting of the Schedule Committee of the League and American Base Ball Associations took place yesterday at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The delegates present were J. B. Day, of New York, and A. H. Sodan, of Boston, of the League, and Lew Simmon, of Philadelphia, and C. H. Byrne, of Brooklyn, of the American Association. The meeting was called to order by C. H. Byrne, who acted as chairman, while J. B. Day filled the Secretary's position. After a prolonged discussion, during which the interests of all the clubs of the two associations were fully considered, and the success of the season of 1885 thoroughly weighed, a general plan of the schedule of each association was agreed on which will, so far as possible, obviate any conflict in dates in cities where League and American clubs are located.

Out of the Mud Into the Mire.

CHICAGO, ILL., February 18.—Yesterday's developments in the election conspiracy trial are sensational in the extreme. J. J. Sullivan, the printer who testified on Saturday last that he printed on the day before the election the bogus Republican tickets found in the ballot-box, and who was arrested Monday charged with perjury, made a complete confession. He acknowledged to the court that he did not print the tickets; that the whole matter was cooked up between himself and chief defendant Mackin, and that Mackin gave him four dollars and the promise of a position in the Government printing office at Washington for falsely testifying.

Three other witnesses for the defense, Gilmore, O'Brien and Titman, whose evidence supported Sullivan's perjury testimony, were also arrested. Warrants are also out for the arrest of several witnesses who swore they saw the bogus tickets peddled at the polls. Gleason and Biehl, two of the defendants, were on the stand yesterday regarding the disposition and safe keeping of the ballots. Their evidence was contradictory.

How the Old Man Received the News.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 17.—When Ex-Senator Sharon heard of the decision against him in the Aggie Hill case, he expressed himself very vigorously, and said that although the money had been awarded, it had not yet been paid. The case would be taken at once before the Supreme Court, he said, which would stop all proceedings unsettled there. With a grim smile, the ex-Senator said: "Judge Sullivan evidently rated Althea's value a great deal higher than she did herself. When she and I had to fix her value, she rated at $500 a month, but the court seems to be of the opinion that five times as much is about the correct thing. I shall neither pay promptly, nor shall I pay at all. There can be no compromise. My honor and the honor of my children are at stake. I would not purchase peace at any price. I will win peace from the decision of the courts. Proceedings for an appeal will be taken immediately."

It Will Be Logan.

NEW YORK, February 17.—A Washington special to the *Evening Post* says: "Illinois members have private information that the Republicans of the Illinois Legislature have concluded that they will be unable to elect a United States Senator, and that their programme will be to prevent an election until the end of the session, when the Governor will claim the right to fill the vacancy for two years, and until the meeting of the next Legislature. He will appoint Logan to the vacancy.

Philadelphia City Election.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 18.—The election in this city yesterday for Magistrates, Councilmen and School Directors, passed off very quietly. The weather was extremely cold, and a very light vote was polled. Scratching was indulged in to a considerable extent, and at midnight the full vote had been received from but few wards. The Republicans claim to have elected a majority of the twenty-two Magistrates to be chosen. The vote for members of the Council is said to be very close, but the Republicans have probably elected a majority in both branches.

Non-Suited.

PITTSBURGH, PA., February 18.—In the case of Contractor McGrann against the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad yesterday morning, James Reed, attorney for the defense, made the concluding argument in favor of a peremptory non-suit, claiming that the plaintiff had not shown fraud, nor had he made an offer to refund the settlement. At the conclusion of Mr. Reed's argument, Judge Ewing approved the motion for a non-suit and the court adjourned.

Saved By an Editor.

BOSTON, MASS., February 18.—Sixty-five hundred people were present at the Charitable Mechanics' building attending the Dickens Carnival last evening, and thousands more were turned away in the course of the entertainment. A large calcium light fell twenty-five feet upon the folds of the stage curtain, and the latter was at once all ablaze. The prompt action of A. A. Fowle, managing editor of the *Globe*, in calling assistance and extinguishing the flames undoubtedly saved the building from destruction.

Interesting to Colonel Swift.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., February 17.—Judgment was affirmed in the Supreme Court to-day in the case of Margaret Harlow against Lewis L. Ketchum, by which Miss Harlow will get $6,000 in a breach of promise suit. Ketchum, who was a widower, made love to and promised to marry Miss Harlow, a pretty Paris milliner, but broke his promise and married another woman. She sued for $20,000, but the jury fixed the sum at $6,000, and Ketchum appealed.

National Polish Convention.

LACROSSE, WIS., February 17.—The second day's session of the National Polish Convention was largely attended, the snow-bound delegates having succeeded in reaching the city. The proposition to remove the central government from Chicago to Philadelphia or New York was being debated at noon.

Dropped Dead on the Stage.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Jno. Parselle, aged sixty-four years, an actor at the Union Square Theatre, dropped dead on the stage during the performance at that theatre last night. His death was caused by paralysis of the heart.

The Republicans Win.

WESTCHESTER, PA., February 18.—J. B. Wood was re-elected Chief Burgess by the Republicans of this borough yesterday with a majority of 350. This is Mr. Wood's seventh term. The Republican full borough ticket was elected.

The Democrats Win.

EASTON, PA., February 18.—The Democrats yesterday elected Lawrence Titus Chief Burgess and W. T. Keller Treasurer. They carry all but one ward in town for council, and that body stands sixteen Democrats and five Republicans.

Oh! Moses.

BOSTON, MASS., February 18.—Ex-Governor Moses of South Carolina, was yesterday sentenced to six months in the House of Correction for swindling Colonel T. W. Higgenson. Moses made a lengthy address in court, reviewing his life.

Prohibition Dead.

WHEELING, W. VA., February 17.—The proposition to submit to the people of West Virginia an amendment to the Constitution forever prohibiting the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors, was yesterday defeated in the House of Delegates. It is believed the measure is now permanently dead.

Don't!

DON'T think, just because you have been suffering terribly with Rheumatism or Neuralgia, that you must always continue to suffer.

Nor think just because nobody has been able to cure you or your friends, that Neuralgia and Rheumatism are incurable.

DON'T Think that a cure is impossible just because the physicians have been unable to accomplish it.

Nor think that because ATHLOPHOROS has not been known ever since the foundation of the world, it will not cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

DON'T Neglect the testimony of the hundreds of sufferers who have tried ATHLOPHOROS and are now sound and hearty.

Nor think that because you have tried fifty other things that failed, that ATHLOPHOROS is like them.

Don't be discouraged! The very thing that will cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia is ATHLOPHOROS.

Don't be Skeptical! ATHLOPHOROS has cured others. It will Cure YOU.

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us as directed.

ATHLOPHOROS CO., 112 WALL ST., NEW YORK

ALL KINDS OF

MACHINE WORK

—AND—

Repairing

Done at the MACHINE SHOP connected with the

WARREN & DURPEE TRAY FACTORY,

Corner of Priest and Franklin sts.

Jan. 8, 1885 d&wtf

DECATUR'S NEW

CARPET FACTORY.

Lancaster Carpet Factory, of Pa.

Great bargains can be had at this place in RAG AND CHAIN CARPETS. I have all my new and latest patterns from the East. My former patrons testify to their superior make and wear—wearing from 1 to 15 years.

Carpets made to order on short notice. Rags bought for cash, or in exchange for Carpets. Please give me a call and see my new patterns. Southeast corner Old Square, No. 109 Rothfuss building.

MARTIN LEIPPE.

Jan. 30-dawly

L. FLEURY,

the French Cutter,

FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILORING,

NO. 158 MERCHANT ST.

North of Henry Lyon's Grocery Store,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Jan. 5—dawtf

Pumps! Pumps!!

Force Pumps,
Wood Pumps,
Chain Pumps,
Wind Mills,
Pump Supplies.

THE NIAGARA

The Best Force Pump Made.

THE BEST WOOD PUMP

In the Market.

The Spray Chain Pump

See it, and you will want no other.

THE "ECLIPSE" WIND MILL

Is the Best of Wind Mills.

When you want to get water come and see us. We have what you want.

NIAGARA PUMP CO.,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Factory on Mason Street, 441 and 443, and W St. L. & P. R'y. tuly13-d&w

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely pure. At once address TRUE & CO. Augusta, Maine. [mar18'84-wly

OUR LAST!

Extraordinary Bargain Sale!

During which the citizens of Decatur will have the final opportunity of securing desirable Dry Goods and Notions at the

PRICES NAMED ONLY BY US.

WE BEGIN WITH CLOAKS.

9 Long Diagonal Newmarkets, nicely trimmed, at $6; regular value (in season) $12 each. Take your choice now for $6.

A few Black Diagonal Paletots, close fitting and nicely trimmed, at $5. Have sold at $10.

A few very handsome, richly trimmed Newmarkets, that have been selling at $30 to $50 each, will be closed out

AT HALF PRICE.

2 rich Silk Plush Sacques, with handsome quilted satin lining, will be closed out at $19.75 each.

1 long rich Silk Plush Newmarket at $30. (Sells in season at ($65.)

CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.

At less than the value of the cloth of which they are made. When you remember that children's garments do not perceptibly change in style, you will readily see the great saving and economy in buying these goods now for next season. The prices we name on some of these goods will not nearly pay the cost of material and making.

4 all wool garments, nicely made and trimmed, for child 4 years, at $2.50. Sells in season at $5.

2 extra fine, with capes, trimmed in an attractive way, at $3.95. (Some have sold up to $7.50.)

4 garments for 6 years old, well made and trimmed, first price $5.95 to $6.50. Can buy now at $3.

6 handsome all wool garments with capes, tastily trimmed, formerly sold at $7 to $8. Have your choice now for $4.50.

2 garments for child 8 years worth $7.50, for $3 each.

4 splendid garments with capes, for ten years, best trimming, and made to sell at $9.75 to $12. Your choice now for $6.

7 assorted styles for 12 years, the best and most stylish garments to be had in season for $10.50 to $12 each. Marked down now to $6.

2 long full-sized Misses' cloaks, for 14 years, at $3.50 each; regular $7.50 garments.

7 assorted styles for 14 years, seal brown and other very desirable colors, with capes, correct styles of trimming; valued in season at $12 to $16. All must go now at $6.98 each for your choice.

4 more garments similar to the last above mentioned, full size and length, will fit large miss of 16 to 18 or a lady 32 to 34 bust. Will be sold now at $7.50; would not be dear at double the price.

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.

DOWN AND OUT THEY GO.

A Lot of Remnants at Half Price.

A lot of $3 Brocaded Silk Plushes at $1 a yard.

A lot of $2 Brocaded Silk Velvet at $1.25 a yard

A lot of Brocaded Silks (all silk), worth $1.50 a yard, at 75c.

A lot of Summer Silks, worth 50 and 60c a yard, at 25c.

A lot of Changeable Silks, splendid wearing quality, at 48c, regular value 75c.

A lot of remnants of Colored Silks at 50c a yard, worth $1

A lot of remnants of Black Dress Silks, 3 yards to 18 in length, standard goods, worth $1.50 to $1.75. All will be sold at 75c a yard for choice.

A lot of 75c Colored Satins at 35c a yard.

A lot of 44-inch splendid all wool French Dress Goods, first price $1.25; now marked only 75c a yard.

A lot of same goods that sell regularly at 75c, 87½c, and $1, all wool, 40 to 44 in. wide; get your choice now at 50c yard.

A lot of all wool Fancy Black Dress Materials that sells at $1 in every store all are marked 75c a yard to close.

Velvets and Velveteens, different qualities, black and colors, greatly reduced.

A lot of all wool 22-inch Albatross Suiting, made to sell at 25c a yard; will be closed out now at 10c a yard.

Lots of splendid bargains in low-priced Dress goods, that will pay all to investigate.

Table Clothings, Towels, Napkins, Crashes, Canton Flannels, and many lines which lack space to mention, selling at attractive prices.

NOTIONS.

A lot of Leather Hand Bags (Shopping Bags or Purses) at 15c each.

A lot of 50c Hand Bags at 25c.

A lot of 75c Hand Bags at 39c

A lot of same at 50c.

Usually sold at $1 each.

COLLARS.

Children's made-up Lace and Embroidered Collars at 5c; usual price 25c each.

Ladies' Embroidered Jersey Collars, with Medallion ends, at 25c; sell regular at 75c.

A large lot of Fancy Collars at less than one-fourth prices.

Lace Sets, Fichus, &c., any price to sell them quick.

NONE CAN AFFORD TO MISS THESE VERY DESIRABLE BARGAINS.

Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs at 25c, worth 50c each; gents' 75c and $1 Silk Handkerchiefs at 50c; ladies' made-up Lace Fichus, $1 goods for 50c; ladies' made-up Lace Fichus, 50c goods for 25c; cream silk Spanish Lace Ties, worth 50c for 25c; a large assorted lot of cream Spanish All Silk Ties and Fichus, pearl edge finished, worth $1.50, $1.75 up to $2.50 each, at 75c and 98c each to close.

One Word More About UNDERWEAR.

☞ Having sold over 2,000 garments at about one-third to one-half regular value we have decided to close out the balance this week at next to nothing apiece.

LOT NO 1.

Men's light and dark grey, also white, Merino Underwear, such as you are accustomed to pay 50, 65 and 75c apiece for; they are now marked

AT 25 CTS. EACH.

And to enable you to remember where you get all the best bargains, we will give each purchaser of a pair of these shirts a handsome and useful Medicine Cup in a nice wooden case.

THINK OF IT!

Two shirts and a medicine cup and case for 50 cents.

LOT NO. 2.

Men's light and dark grey and white Merino Shirts; some have scarlet and some white silk bindings. The cheapest are worth 75c, and many you have bought regular for $1 apiece. They sold very fast two weeks ago at 36c and 50c apiece. Now all will be closed

AT 25 CTS. EACH,

straight. No premium with Lot No. 2.

DON'T MISS THEM,

It's your last chance.

Ladies' Brilliant Lisle Hose, (dark colors—no black), made plain and also with dropped stitches, at 50c a pair. In the Spring you will pay $1 a pair for them.

Ladies' fleece lined regular made cotton, also all wool and fine French and English made stockings, at 50c and 65c, reduced from 84c and $1.

Children's Stockings, Jerseys, Gloves, Laces, and thousands of other articles can be had of us now very, very cheap.

☞ Complete line of Novelty Braids for fancy work, gents' Laundried and Unlaundried Shirts, Collars, Socks, &c., &c. Prime goods, bottom prices.

COME AND INVESTIGATE. ALL ARE WELCOMED,

—AT THE—

Popular New York Store,

Water Street, DECATUR, ILLS.

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